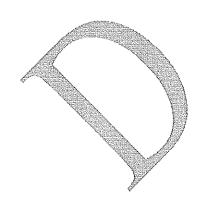


# FETAKGOMO – TUBATSE LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

# **FETAKGOMO-GREATER TUBATSE MUNICIPALITY**

PROPERTY RATES POLICY

2018/2019





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#### PROPERTY RATES POLICY

#### A. DEFINITIONS

- "Act", means the Local Government: Municipal Property Rates Act, 2004 (Act 6 of 2004;
- "Agent", in relation to the owner of a property-
  - (a) to receive rental or other payments in respect of the property on behalf of the owner; or
  - (b) to make payments in respect of the property on behalf of the owner;
- "Agricultural purpose", in relation to the use of a property, includes the use of a property for the purpose of eco-tourism or for the trading in or hunting of game;
- "Annually", means once every financial year;

## "Category" --

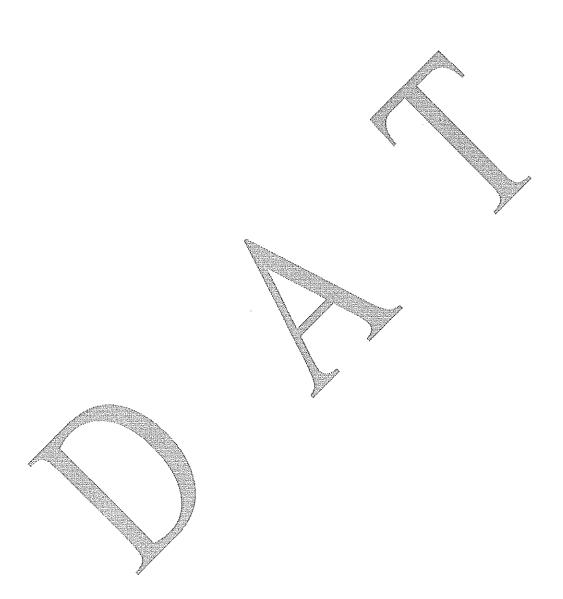
- (a) in relation to property, means a category of properties determined in terms of section 8 of the Act;
- (b) in relation to owners of properties, means a category of owners determined in terms of section 15 (2) of the Act;
- "Category of properties", means a category of properties determined according to the zoning, use of the property, permitted use of the property, or the geographical area in which the property is situated;
- "Child-headed household" means a household where the main caregiver of the said household is younger than 18 years of age. Child-headed household means a household headed by a child as defined in terms of section 28(3) of the Constitution.

#### 2.7

- "Contiguous pieces of land held and occupied by one owner", means where two or more continuous pieces of land are held and occupied by one owner and together comprise an area the extent of which is at least 5 hectares;
- "Council" means the highest legislative body of the Greater Tubatse Local Municipality as referred to in section 157 (1) of the Constitution and section 18 (3) of the Local Government: Municipal Structures Act, 1998 (Act 117 of 1998);
- "Definitions, words and expressions" as used in the Act are applicable to this policy document where ever it is used;
- "Economic services", means services for which the tariffs are fixed to recover the full costs of the service, like refuse and sewer services;
- "Effective date"-



- (a) in relation to a valuation roll, means the date on which the valuation roll takes effect, in terms of section 32 (1) of the Act, or
- (b) in relation to a supplementary valuation roll, means the date on which a supplementary valuation roll takes effect in terms of section 78 (b) of the Act;





- "Exemption", in relation to the payment of a rate, means an exemption from the payment of rates, granted by a municipality in terms of section 15;
- "Financial year", means the period starting from 1 July in a year to 30 June the next year;
- "Illegal use", means the use of a property in a manner that is inconsistent with or in contravention of the permitted use of the property;
- "Improvement", means any building or structure on or under a property, but excludes -
  - (a) a structure constructed solely for the purpose of rendering the property suitable for the erection of any immovable structure thereon; and
  - (b) any building, structure or equipment or machinery referred to in section 46(3) of the Municipal Property Rates Act;
  - (c) "Land reform beneficiary", in relation to a property, means a person who -
  - (d) (a) acquired the property through -
  - (e) (i) the Provision of Land and Assistance Act, 1993 (Act No. 126 of 1993); or
  - (f) (ii) the Restitution of Land Rights Act, 1994 (Act No. 22 of 1994);
  - (g) (b) holds the property subject to the Communal Property Associations Act, 1996 (Act No 28 of 1996);
  - (h) (c) holds or acquires the property in terms of such other land tenure reform legislation as may pursuant to section 25(6) and (7) of the Constitution (Act No.108 of 1996) be enacted after this Act has taken effect;
  - (i) 2.9 "Land tenure right" means an old order right or a new order right as defined in section 1 of the Communal Land Rights Act, 2004 (Act No.11 of 2004);

## "Local community", in relation to a municipality -

- (a) Means that body of persons comprising-
  - (i) the residents of the municipality;
  - (ii) the ratepayers of the municipality;
  - (iii) any civic organizations and non-governmental, private sector or labour organizations or bodies which are involved in local affairs within the municipality;
     and
  - (iv) visitors and other people residing outside the municipality who, because of their presence in the municipality, make use of services or facilities provided by the municipality;
- (b) Includes, more specifically, the poor and other disadvantaged sections of such body of persons;



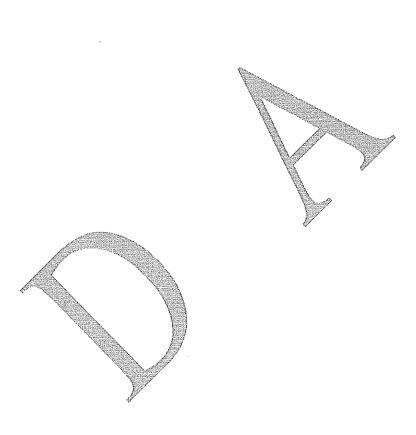
"Local municipality", means a municipality that shares municipal executive and legislative authority in its area with a district municipality within whose area it falls, and which is described in section 155(1) of the Constitution as a category B municipality;

"Market value", in relation to a property, means the amount a property would have realized if sold on the date of valuation in the open market by a willing seller to a willing buyer;

"MEC for Local Government", means the member of the Executive Council of the Limpopo Provincial Government who is responsible for local government in the Limpopo Province;

"Multiple purposes", in relation to a property, means the use of a property for more than one purpose;

"Municipal Manager", means a person appointed in terms of section 82 of the Municipal Structures Act, 1998;



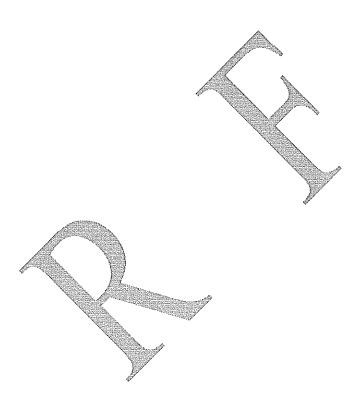


- "Municipality", means the Fetakgomo-Greater Tubatse Local Municipality;
- "Municipal Finance Management Act" means the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (Act No. 56 of 2003);
- "Municipal valuer" or "valuer of a municipality" means a person designated as a municipal valuer in terms of section 33(1) of the Act;
- "Newly Rateable property" means any rateable property on which property rates were not levied before the end of the financial year preceding the date on which this Act took effect, excluding
  - (a) a property which was incorrectly omitted from a valuation roll and for that reason was not rated before that date; and
  - (b) a property identified by the Minister by notice in the Gazette where the phasing-in of a rate is not justified;
  - "Non-urban land" means land that is not situated in a proclaimed township, but that is used for residential or agricultural purposes or is not in use. Where the whole of a portion of non-urban land is used for business, industrial or mining purposes the market value of such land or portion of it must be recorded separately in the valuation roll and rated according to the applicable category;
  - "Occupier", in relation to a property, means a person in actual occupation of a property, whether or not that person has a right to occupy the property:

#### "Owner"-

- (a) in relation to a property, means a person in whose name ownership of the property is registered;
- (b) in relation to a right means a person in whose name the right is registered;
- (c) in relation to a land tenure right means a person in whose name the right is registered; or to whom it was granted in terms of legislation; or
- (d) in relation to public service infrastructure, means the organ of state which owns or controls that public service infrastructure as envisaged in the definition of "publicly controlled"; provided that a person mentioned below may for the purposes of this Act be regarded by a municipality as the owner of a property in the following cases:-
  - (i) A trustee, in the case of a property in a trust excluding state trust land;
  - (ii) an executor or administrator, in the case of a property in a deceased estate;
  - (iii) a trustee or liquidator, in the case of a property in an insolvent estate or in liquidation;
  - (iv) a judicial manager, in the case of a property in the estate of a person under judicial management;

- (v) a curator, in the case of a property in the estate of a person under judicial management;
- (vi) a person in whose name a usufruct or other personal servitude is registered, in the case of a property that is subject to a usufruct or other personal servitude;
- (vii) a lessee, in the case of a property that is registered in the name of a municipality and is leased by it; or





(viii) a buyer, in the case of a property that was sold by a municipality and of which possession was given to the buyer pending registration of ownership in the name of the buyer;

"Permitted use", relation to a property, means the limited purposes for which the property may be used in terms of -

- (a) Any restrictions imposed by-
  - (i) a condition of title;
  - (ii) a provision of a town planning or land use scheme; or
  - (iii) any legislation applicable to any specific property or properties; or
- (b) Any alleviation of any such restrictions;

Public Benefit Organizations: means properties owned by public benefit organizations and used for any specified public benefit activity listed in item 1 (welfare and humanitarian), item 2(health care) and item 4 (education and development) of part 1 of the Ninth Schedule to the Income Tax Act

"Privately owned towns serviced by the owner" means single properties, situated in an area not ordinarily being serviced by the municipality, divided through sub division or township establishment into (ten or more) full title stands and/ or sectional units and where all rates related services inclusive of installation and maintenance of streets, roads, sidewalks, lighting, storm water drainage facilities, parks and recreational facilities are installed at the full cost of the developer and maintained and rendered by the residents of such estate.

#### "Property", means-

- (a) immovable property registered in the name of a person including, in the case of a sectional title scheme, a sectional title unit registered in the name of a person;
- (b) a right registered against immovable property in the name of a person, excluding a mortgage bond registered against the property;
- (c) a land tenure right registered in the name of a person or granted to a persons in terms of legislation; or
- (d) public service infrastructure;

"Property register", means a register of properties referred to in section 23 of the Act;

"Protected area", refers to nature reserves, botanical gardens or national parks provided that the specific area/s is declared as a "Protected area" referred to in section 10 of the Protected Areas Act;

"Protected Areas Act" means the National Environmental Management: Protected Areas Act, 2003 (Act No. 57, of 2004);

"Publicly controlled", means owned by or otherwise under the control of an organ of state, including -



- (a) a public entity listed in the Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999),
- (b) a municipality; or
- (c) a municipal entity as defined in the Municipal Systems Act;
- "Public service infrastructure", means publicly controlled infrastructure of the following kinds -
  - (a) national, provincial or other public road on which goods, services or labour move across a municipal boundary;
  - (b) water or sewer pipes, ducts or other conduits, dams, water supply reservoirs, water treatment plants or water pumps forming part of a water of sewer scheme serving the public;
  - (c) power stations, power substations or power lines forming part of an electricity scheme serving the public;
  - (d) gas or liquid fuel plants or refineries or pipelines for gas or liquid fuels, forming part of a scheme fro transporting such fuels;
  - (e) railway lines forming part of national railway system;
  - (f) communication towers masts, exchanges or lines forming part of a communications system serving the public;
  - (g) runways or aprons at national or provincial airports;
  - (h) breakwater, sea walls, channels, basin, quay walls, jetties, roads, railway or infrastructure used for the provision of water, lights, power, sewage or similar services of ports, or navigational aids comprising light houses, radio navigational aids, buoys, or any other device or system used to assist the safe and efficient navigation of vessels;
  - (i) any other publicly controlled infrastructure as may be prescribed; or
  - (i) any right registered against immovable property
- "Rate", means a municipal rate on property envisaged in section 229(1)(a) of the Constitution;
- "Rateable property", means property on which a municipality may levy a rate, excluding property fully excluded from the levying of rates;
- "Rebate", in relation to a rate payable on a property, means a discount granted in terms of the amount of the rate payable on the property;
- "Reduction", in relation to a rate payable on a property, means the lowering of the amount for which the property was valued and the rating of the property at that lower amount;
- "Remainder of Townships" means the remaining extent of an approved or proclaimed township which is still registered in the name of the applicant for Township Development and



which has not yet been transferred to another owner and on which no improvements have been erected except for public service infrastructure

## "Residential property" means improved property that:

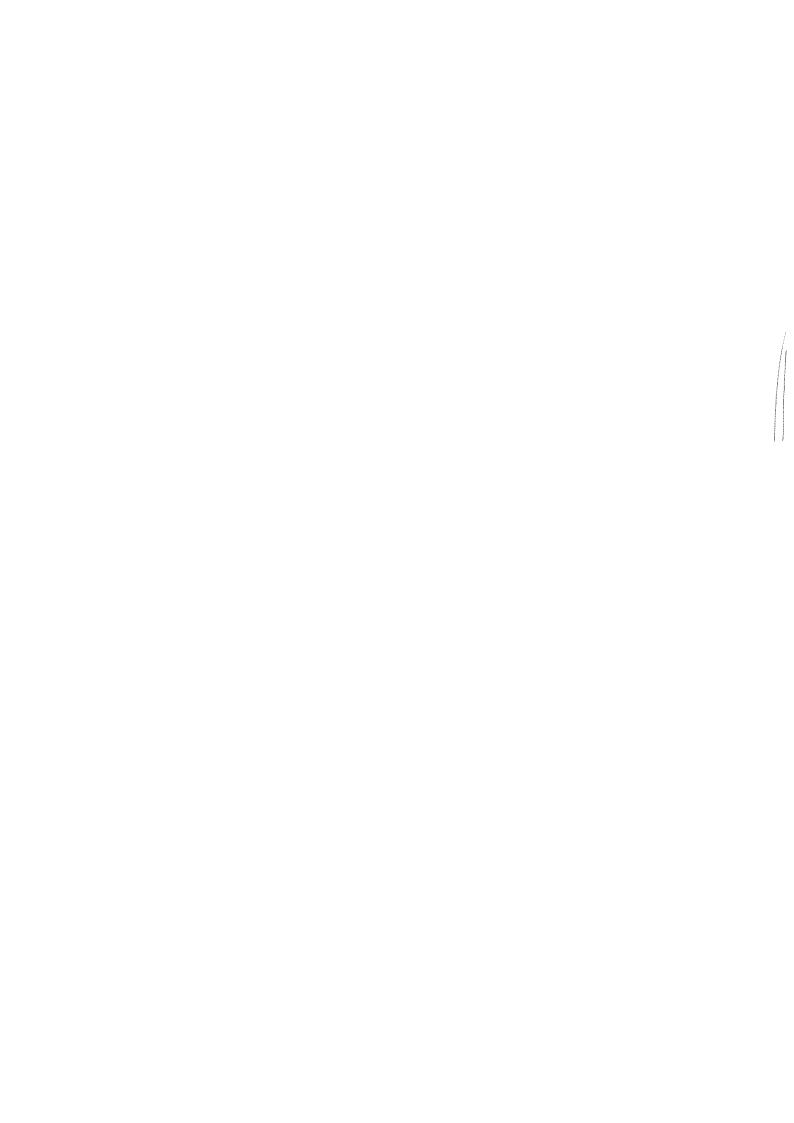
- (a) is used predominantly (60% or more) for residential purposes including any adjoining property registered in the name of the same owner and used together with such residential property as if it were one property. Any such grouping shall be regarded as one residential property for rate rebate or valuation reduction purposes.
- (b) is a unit registered in terms of the Sectional Title Act and used predominantly for residential purposes.
- (c) Is owned by a share-block company and used solely for residential purposes.
- (d) Is a residence used for residential purposes situated on property used for or related to educational purposes.
- (e) Retirement schemes and life right schemes used predominantly (60% or more) for residential purposes.

And specifically exclude hostels, flats, old age homes, guest houses and vacant land irrespective of its zoning or intended use.

- "Rural communal settlements" means the residual portion of rural communal land excluding identifiable and rateable entities within the property and excluding State Trust Land and land reform beneficiaries as defined in the Act.
- "Sectional titles unit", means a unit defined in section 1 of the Sectional Titles Act; 1986 (Act No. 95 of 1986);
- "Specified public benefit activity" means an activity listed as welfare and humanitarian, health care and education and development in Part 1 of the Ninth Schedule to the Income Tax Act;
- "State trust land", means land owned by the state in trust for persons communally inhabiting the land in terms of a traditional system of land tenure, land owned by the state over which land tenure rights were registered or granted or land owned by the state which is earmarked for disposal in terms of the Restitution of Land Rights Act, 1994 (Act No. 22 of 1994);
- "Trading services", means services for which the tariffs are fixed to yield a trading profit, like electricity and water services;
- "Urban land", means land that is situated within a proclaimed township or approved in terms of the DFA Act

#### "Vacant land", means:

- (a) Land on which no immovable improvements have been erected; or
- (b) Land where the value added by immovable improvements is less than 10% of the value of the land with no immovable improvements on it.



#### 1. POLICY PRONCIPLES

- 1.1 Rates are levied in accordance with the Act as an amount in the rand based on the market value of all rateable property contained in the municipality's valuation roll and supplementary valuation roll.
- 1.2 As allowed for in the Act, the municipality has chosen to differentiate between various categories of property and categories of owners of property as contemplated in clause 7 and 8 of this policy. Some categories of property and categories of owners are granted relief from rates. The municipality however does not grant relief in respect of payments for rates to any category of owners or properties, or to owners of properties on an individual basis.
- 1.3 There would be no phasing in of rates based on the new valuation roll, except as prescribed by legislation and in accordance with clause 16 of this policy.
- 1.4 In accordance with section 3(3) of the Act, the rates policy for the municipality is based on the following principles:
  - (a) Equity

    The municipality will treat all ratepayers with similar properties the same.
  - (b) Affordability

The ability of a person to pay rates will be taken into account by the municipality. In dealing with the poor/indigent ratepayers the municipality will provide relief measures through exemptions, reductions, rebates and cross subsidy from the equitable share allocation.

#### (c) Sustainability

Rating of property will be implemented in a way that:

- it supports sustainable local government by providing a stable and buoyant revenue source within the discretionary control of the municipality;
- ii. Supports local, social and economic development; and
- iii. Secures the economic sustainability of every category of ratepayer.

## (d) Cost efficiency

Rates will be based on the value of all rateable property and will be used to fund community and subsidised services after taking into account surpluses generated on economic (refuse removal) services and the amounts required to finance exemptions, rebates, reductions and phasing-in of rates as approved by the municipality from time to time.



#### 2. LEGAL FRAMEWORK

- 2.1 This policy is mandated by Section 3 of the Local Government: Municipal Property Rates Act, 2004 (No. 6 of 2004), which specifically provides that a municipality must adopt a Rates Policy.
- 2.2 In terms of Section 229 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 (No.108 of 1996), a municipality may impose rates on property.
- 2.3 In terms of the Local Government: Municipal Property Rates Act, 2004 (No. 6 of 2004) a municipality in accordance with
  - a. Section 2(1), may levy a rate on property in its area; and
  - b. Section 2(3), must exercise its power to levy a rate on property subject to
    - i. Section 229 and any other applicable provisions of the Constitution;
    - ii. the provisions of the Property Rates Act and any regulations promulgated in terms thereof; and
    - iii. the rates policy.
- 2.4 In terms of Section 4 (1) (c) of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (No. 32 of 2000), the municipality has the right to finance the affairs of the municipality by imposing, inter alia, rates on property.
- 2.5 In terms of Section 62(1)(f)(ii) of the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (No. 56 of 2003) the municipal manager must ensure that the municipality has and implements a rates policy.
- 2.6 This policy must be read together with, and is subject to the stipulations of the Local Government: Municipal Property Rates Act, 2004 (No. 6 of 2004) and any regulations promulgated in terms thereof.

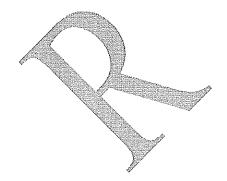
#### 3. IMPOSITION OF PROPERTY RATES

- 3.1. The Council shall as part of each annual operating budget component impose a rate in the rand on the market value of all rateable property recorded in the municipality's valuation roll and supplementary valuation roll.
- 3.2 The Council shall, in imposing the rate for each financial year, take proper cognizance of the aggregate burden of rates and service charges on representative property owners, in the various categories of property ownership, and of the extent to which this burden is or remains competitive with the comparable burden in other municipalities within the local economic region.



## 3.3 Principles applicable to financing of services

- 3.3.1 All ratepayers, in a specific category, as determined by Council from time to time, shall be treated equitably, as required by Section 3 (3) (a) of the Act;
- 3.3.2 Rates are raised in proportion to the market value of the property;
- 3.3.3 The municipal manager or his/her nominee must, subject to the guidelines provided by the National Treasury and the Executive Committee of the municipality, make provision for the following classification of services:-
  - (a) Economic services
    - Refuse removal.
  - (a) <u>Community and subsidised services</u> These include all those services ordinarily being rendered by the municipality excluding those mentioned in 3.3.3(a).
- 3.3.4 Economic services as referred to in clauses 3.3.3(a) must be ring fenced and financed from service charges while community and subsidised services referred to in clause 3.3.3(a) will be financed from surpluses on trading and economic services, regulatory fees, rates and rates related income.



		·	

- 3.3.5 Property rates shall not be used to subsidize trading or economic services;
- 3.3.6 Exemptions, reductions and rebates should not unreasonably affect the income base of the municipality.
- 3.3.7 Therefore, pursuant to section 3 (3) (b) of the Act, it is the policy of the municipality, when -
  - levying different rates for different categories of properties;
  - exempting a specific category of owners of properties, or the owners of a specific category of properties, from payment of a rate on their properties;
  - \* granting rebates; or
  - increasing rates;

## To apply the following criteria -

- poverty alleviation;
- stimulation of industrial growth;
- promotion of tourism;
- \* creation of jobs;
- maintenance of agricultural activity;
- assist charity and other public benefit organizations;
- this municipality's budgetary needs;
- this municipality's integrated development plan; and
- surpluses contributed by other services.

## 4. CATEGORIES OF RATEABLE PROPERTIES

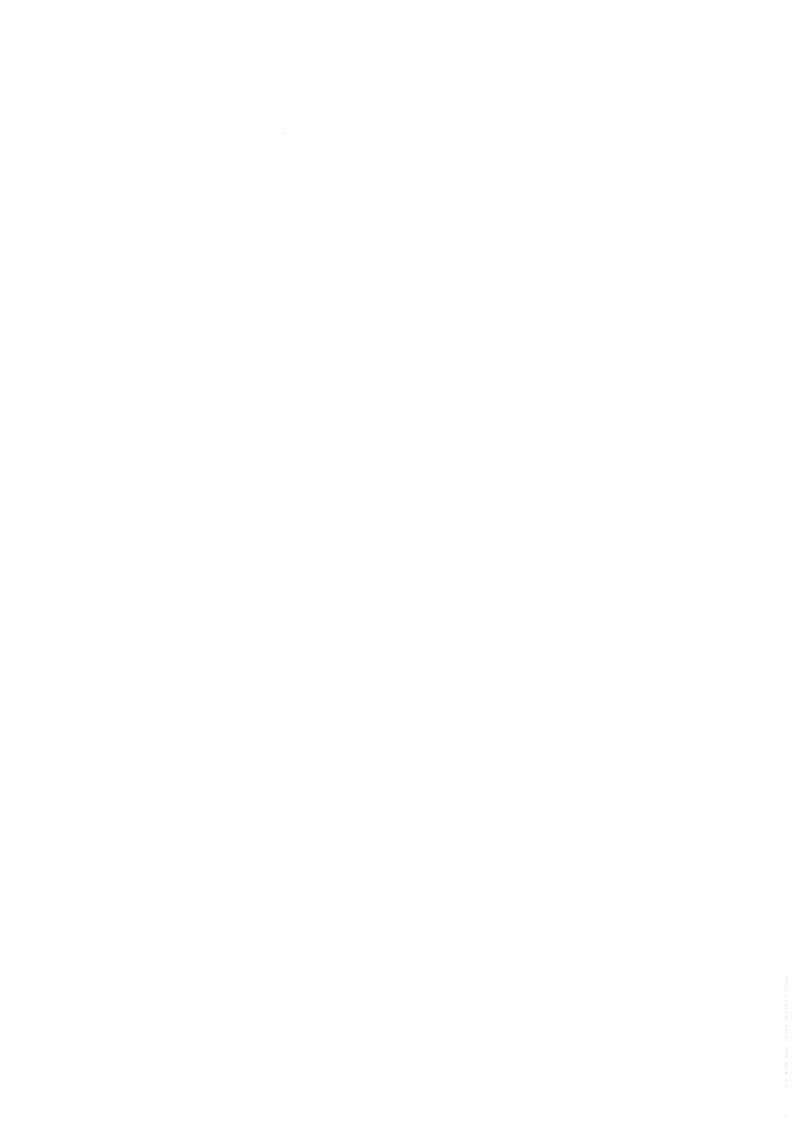
4.1 Different rates may be levied in respect of the following categories of rateable properties and such rates will be determined on an annual basis during the compilation of the annual budget:-

### 4.1.1 Residential Properties (r)

4.1.1.1 r		Residential 1
4.1.1.2 r	Parks	owned by township owner
4.1.1.3 r	<sup>-</sup> 2	Residential 2
4.1.1.4	r3	Residential 3

## 4.1.2 Government (g)

4.1.2.1 gb Business



4.1.2.2 ge	Educational			
4.1.2.3 gh	Hospital or clinic			
4.1.2.4 gp	Police station			
4.1.2.5 go	Other			
4.1.2.6 gr	Residential			
4.1.2.7 gmin	Mining and related uses			
4.1.3 Business				
4.1.3.1 bus	Businesses including guesthouses in urban areas with services			
4.1.3.2 buws	Businesses including guesthouse on farms without services			
4.1.4 ind	Industrial			
4.1.5 f	Formal and informal settlements			
4.1.6 iI	Illegal use			
4.1.7 is	Independent school			
4.1.8 mun	Municipal			
4.1.9 min	Mining and related uses			
4.1.10 nr	Nature reserve, national park or national botanical garden			
4.1.11 nu	Non-urban land			
4.1.12 psi	Public service infrastructure			
4.1.13 pw	Place of public worship or official residence			
4.1.14 re	Remaining extent of proclaimed township			
2. In determining	the category of a property referred to in 4.1 the municipality shall take in			

- 4.2. In determining the category of a property referred to in 4.1 the municipality shall take into consideration the following criteria or a combination thereof:-
  - 4.2.1 The formal zoning of the property;
  - 4.2.2 Township establishment approvals;
  - 4.2.3 The use of the property;
  - 4.2.4 Permitted use of the property; and
  - 4.2.5 The geographical area in which the property is situated.
- 4.3 In order to create certainty and to ensure consistency the criteria mentioned in 4.2 shall be applied as indicated below in order of priority and no deviation is permissible:



- 4.3.1 Properties shall first of all be determined by the actual use of the property and if the property was not in use then according to the zoning of the property. Town planning schemes, town establishment schemes and town planning regulations may be used to determine the formal zoning.
- 4.4 Properties used for multiple purposes shall be categorised and rated as provided for in section 9 of the Act. A property used for multiple purposes is, for rates purposes, assigned in terms of section 9 of the Act as follows:-
- 4.4.1 Properties in urban land shall be categorised and rated as provided in section 9(1)(b) of the Act to correspond with the dominant use of the property.
- 4.4.2 Properties in non-urban land shall be categorised and rated as provided in section 9(1)(c) of the Act to correspond to the multiple purposes for which the property is used. Where the whole or a portion of non-urban land is used for business, industrial or mining purposes the market value of such land or portion of it must be recorded separately in the valuation roll and rated according to the applicable category.

#### 5. CATEGORIES OF OWNERS

- 5.1 For the purpose of granting exemptions, reductions and repates in terms of clauses 6,7 and 8 respectively the following categories of owners of properties are determined:-
- 5.1.1 Those owners who qualify and who are registered as indigents in terms of the adopted indigent policy of the municipality;
- 5.1.2 Those owners who do not qualify as indigents in terms of the adopted indigent policy of the municipality but whose total monthly income is less than the amount annually determined by the municipality in its budget.
- 5.1.3 Owners of property situated within an area affected by-
- 5.1.3.1 a disaster within the meaning of the Disaster Management Act, 2002 (Act No. 57 of 2002);
- 5.1.3.2 serious adverse social or economic conditions.
- 5.1.4 Owners of residential properties with a market value below the amount as determined annually by the municipality in its budget; and
- 5.1.5 Owners of agricultural properties as referred to in clause 8.1(e).
- 5.1.6 Child headed families where any child of the owner or child who is a blood relative of the owner of the property, is responsible for the care of siblings or parents of the household.



### 6. EXEMPTIONS AND IMPERMISSIBLE RATES

6.1 The following categories of property are exempted from rates:-

#### (a) Municipal properties

Municipal properties are exempted from paying rates as it will increase the rates burden or service charges to property owners or consumers. However, where municipal properties are leased, the lessee will be responsible for the payment of determined assessment rates in accordance with the lease agreement.

#### (b) Residential properties

All residential properties with a market value of less than the amount as annually determined by the municipality are exempted from paying rates. For the 2018/2019 financial year the maximum reduction is determined as R50 000. The impermissible rates of R15 000 contemplated in terms of section 17(1) (h) of the Property Rates Act is included in the amount referred to above as annually determined by the municipality. The remaining R35 000 is an important part of the council's indigent policy and is aimed primarily at alleviating poverty.

All residential properties under communal land are exempted from paying rates and this exemption will be determined by the council on an annual basis.

#### (c) Public Service Infrastructure

Is exempted from paying rates as allowed for in the Act as they provide essential services to the community.

## (d) Right registered against a property

Any right registered against a property as defined in the definition of property in clause 2 of this policy is exempted from paying rates.

- 6.2 Exemptions in clause 6.1 will automatically apply and no application is thus required.
- 6.3 <u>Impermissible Rates:</u> In terms of section 17(1) of the Property Rates Act the municipality may, inter alia, not levy a rate:-
  - (a) On those parts of a special nature reserve, national park or nature reserve within the meaning of the Protected Areas Act, or of a national botanical garden within the meaning of the National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, 2004, which are not developed or used for commercial, business, or residential agricultural purposes
  - (b) On mineral rights within the meaning of paragraph (b) of the definition of "property" in section 1 of the Act.

- (c) On a property belonging to a land reform beneficiary or his or her heirs, provided that this exclusion lapses ten years from the date on which such beneficiary's title was registered in the office of the Registrar of Deeds.
- (d) On a property registered in the name of and used primarily as a place of public worship by a religious community, including an official residence registered in the name of that community which is occupied by an office-bearer of that community who officiates at services at that place of worship.

#### 6.4 Public Benefit Organizations (PBO)

Taking into account the effects of rates on PBOs performing a specific public benefit activity and if registered in terms of the Income Tax Act, 1962 (No 58 of 1962) for tax reduction because of those activities, Public Benefit Organizations may apply for the exemption of property rates. Public Benefit Organizations may include, inter alia:-

## i. Sporting bodies

Property used by an organisation for sporting purposes on a non-professional basis.

#### ii. Cultural institutions

Property used for purposes declared in terms of the Cultural Institutions Act, Act 29 of 1969 or the Cultural Institutions Act, Act 66 of 1989

#### iii. Museums, libraries, art galleries and botanical gardens

Property registered in the name of private persons, open to the public and not operated for gain.

# iv. Youth development organisations

Property owned and/or used by organisations for the provision of youth leadership or development programmes.

#### v. Animal welfare

Property owned or used by organisations whose exclusive aim is to protect birds, reptiles and animals on a not-for-gain basis.

#### vi. Cemeteries and crematoriums

Property used for cemeteries and crematoriums on a not-for-gain basis.

#### vii. Charitable institutions

Property owned or used by institutions or organisations whose aim is to perform charitable work on a not-for-gain.

#### viii. Welfare institutions

Properties used exclusively as an orphanage, non-profit retirement villages, old age homes or benevolent/charitable institutions, including workshops used by the inmates, laundry or cafeteria facilities, provided that any profits from the use of the property are used entirely for the benefit of the institution and/or to charitable purposes within the municipality.



- 6.4.1 All possible benefiting organisations in clause 6.4 must apply annually for exemptions. All applications must be addressed in writing to the municipality by 31 August for the financial year in respect of which the rate is levied. If the exemption applied for is granted the exemption will apply for the full financial year.
- 6.4.2 Public benefit organizations must attach a SARS tax exemption certificate issued by the South African Revenue Services (SARS) as contemplated in Part 1 of the Ninth Schedule of the Income Tax Act, 1962 (No 58 of 1962) to all applications.
- 6.5 The municipality retains the right to refuse the exemption if the details supplied in the application form were incomplete, incorrect or false.
- 6.6 The extent of the exemptions implemented in terms of clauses 6.1 to 6.4 must annually be determined by the municipality and included in the annual budget.

#### 7. REDUCTIONS

- 7.1 Reductions as contemplated in section 15 of the Act. Will be considered on an ad-hoc basis in the event of the following:-
  - 7.1.1 Partial or total destruction of a property.
  - 7.1.2 Disasters as defined in the Disaster Management Act, 2002 (Act 57 of 2002).
- 7.2 The following conditions shall be applicable in respect of clause 7.1:-
  - 7.2.1 The owner referred to in clause 7.1.1 shall apply in writing for a reduction and the onus will rest on such applicant to prove to the satisfaction of the municipality that his property has been totally or partially destroyed. He/ she will also have to indicate to what extent the property can still be used and the impact on the value of the property.
  - 7.2.2 Property owners will only qualify for a rebate if affected by a disaster as referred to in the Disaster Management Act, 2002 (Act No. 57 of 2002).
  - 7.2.2 A maximum reduction, to be determined on an annual basis, will be allowed in respect of both clauses 7.1.1 and 7.1.2. For the 2017/2018 financial year the maximum reduction will amount to 80%.
  - 7.2.3 An ad-hoc reduction will not be given for a period in excess of 6 months, unless the municipality gives further extension on application.

7.2.4 If rates were paid in advance prior to granting of a reduction the municipality will give credit to such an owner as from the date of reduction until the date of lapse of the reduction or the end of the period for which payment was made whichever occurs first.

#### 8. REBATES

# 8.1. Categories of property

## (a) Public Educational Institutions

The municipality may grant a rebate as annually determined for property used by educational institutions declared or registered by law provided that an application in the prescribed format is received not later than 30 September of each year.

#### (b) Independent Schools

The municipality may grant a rebate as annually determined for property used by registered independent schools for educational purposes only provided that an application in the prescribed format is received not later than 30 September of each year.

# (c) <u>Business, commercial and industrial properties</u>

- i. The municipality may grant rebates to rateable enterprises that promote local, social and economic development in its area of jurisdiction. The following criteria will apply:
  - a. job creation in the municipal area;
  - b social upliftment of the local community; and
  - c. creation of infrastructure for the benefit of the community.
- ii. A maximum rebate as annually determined by the municipality will be granted on approval, subject to:
  - a. a business plan issued by the directors of the company indicating how the local, social and economic development objectives of the municipality are going to be met;
  - b. a continuation plan issued by the directors and certified by auditors of the company stating that the objectives have been met in the first year after establishment and how the company plan to continue to meet the objectives; and
  - c. an assessment by the municipal manager or his/her nominee indicating that the company qualifies.
- iii. All applications must be addressed in writing to the municipality by 31 August for the financial year in respect of which the rate is levied. If the rebate applied for is granted the rebate will apply for the full financial year.

# (d) Privately owned towns serviced by the owner

i. The municipality may grant an additional rebate, to be determined on an annual basis, which applies to privately owned towns serviced by the owner qualifying as defined in clause A of this policy. All applications must be addressed in writing to the municipality by 31 August for the financial year in respect of which the rate is levied. If the rebate applied for is granted the rebate will apply for the full financial year. For the 2017/2018 financial year the rebate is determined as 40%.

# (e) Public Benefit Organisations (PBO's)

Properties owned by public benefit organizations and used for any specified public benefit activity listed in item1 (welfare and humanitarian), item 2(health care) and item 4(education and development) of part 1 of the ninth Schedule of the Income Tax Act will pay a rate that may not exceed the ratio as published in Government Gazette no 33016 of 12 March 2010. For 2017 /18 the a ratio is 1:0.25

#### (f) Agricultural property rebate

- i. When considering the criteria to be applied in respect of any exemptions, rebates and reductions on any properties used for agricultural purposes the municipality must take into account:
  - a the extent of rates related services rendered by the municipality in respect of such properties.
  - b. the contribution of agriculture to the local economy.
  - c. the extent to which agriculture assists in meeting the service delivery and developmental objectives of the municipality; and
  - d. the contribution of agriculture to the social and economic welfare of farm workers.
- ii. In terms of section 84 of the Act the Minister for Provincial and Local Government, and in concurrence with the Minister of Finance as required through section 19 of the Act, may determine that a rate levied by the Council on a category of non residential property may not exceed the ratio to the rate on residential property. In the absence of any such promulgation the municipality will apply the standard ratio for agricultural properties as 1:0.25 (75% rebate on the tariff for residential properties). For the 2017/2018 financial year the minister has promulgated a ratio of 1:0.25.
- iii. An additional rebate (based on the total property value) of maximum 10% will be granted by the municipality in respect of the following:-
  - a. 2,5% for the provision of accommodation in a permanent structure to farm workers and their dependants.



- b. 2,5% if these residential properties are provided with potable water.
- c. 2,5% if the farmer for the farm workers electrifies these residential properties.
- d. 2,5% for the provision of land for burial to own farm workers or educational or recreational purposes to own farm workers as well as people from surrounding farms.
- iv. The granting of additional rebates is subject to the following:
  - a. All applications must be addressed in writing to the municipality by 31 August 2018 indicating how service delivery and development obligations of the municipality and contribution to the social and economic welfare of farm workers were met. This application will be required as a once off requirement. Any new applications for the 2018/2019 financial year and onwards must be addressed in writing to the municipality by 31 August for the financial year in respect of which the rate is levied. If the rebate applied for is granted the rebate will apply for the full financial year and such application again regarded as a once off requirement.
  - b. Council reserves the right to send officials or its agents to premises/households receiving relief on annual basis for the purpose of conducting an on-site audit of the details supplied. The onus also rests on recipients to immediately notify Council of any changes in their original application.
  - The municipality retains the right to refuse the exemption if the details supplied/in the application form were incomplete, incorrect or false.
- v. No other rebates will be granted to properties that qualify for the agricultural rebate. For the avoidance of doubt, properties that qualify for the agricultural rebate will not be entitled to the residential rate exemption as set out in clause 6/1(b) of this policy.
- (g) Rebate for developed stands not yet sold by the developer

The municipality grants a rebate, (residential tariff less 20%) on the DE Value which applies to vacant stands not yet sold and transferred by the developer. Upon selling of such vacant stands. The rebate will lapse on the date of transfer of the property into the name of the new owner and the new owner will pay rates on the market value

### (h) Rebate for guest houses on non Urban Land

The Municipality may grant a rebate to quest houses on non urban land where they provide for services by themselves. For the 2018/19 financial year a rebate of 30% on business tariff will be applicable.

#### 8.2 Categories of owners



Indigent owners and child headed families will receive a 100% rebate from payment of property tax:-

#### (a) Indigent households

Owners who qualify and who are registered as indigents in terms of the adopted indigent policy of the municipality, regardless of the value of the property, will receive a 100% rebate from payment of property tax. If qualifying in terms of the indigent policy this 100% rebate will automatically apply and no further application is thus required by the owner.

#### (b) Child headed families

- i. Families headed by children will receive a 100% rebate from payment of property tax according to monthly household income. To qualify for the rebate the head of the family must:
  - a. occupy the property as his/her normal residence;
  - b. not be older than 18 years of age;
  - c. still be a scholar or jobless; and
  - d. be in receipt of a **total monthly income** from all sources not exceeding an amount to be determined annually by the Municipality; For the 2018/2019 financial year this amount is determined as **3** (three times) the social pension per month.
- ii. The family head must apply on a prescribed application form for registration as a child headed household and must be assisted by the municipality with completion of the application form. If qualifying, this rebate will automatically apply and no further application is thus required.
- iii. Applications must be accompanied by:
  - a certified copy of the identity document or any other proof of the applicant's age which is acceptable to the municipality;
  - b. sufficient proof of total household income;
  - c. an affidavit from the applicant;
- iv. These applications must reach the municipality before the end of October preceding the start of the new municipal financial year for which relief is sought.
- v. The municipality retains the right to refuse rebates if the details supplied in the application form were incomplete, incorrect or false.

#### (c) Retired and Disabled Persons Rate Rebate

 Retired and Disabled Persons qualify for special rebates according to monthly household income. For the 2018/19 financial year it will be a further 40% discount.

To qualify for the rebate a property owner must:-



- a. occupy the property as his/her normal residence;
- b. not be the owner of more than one property;
- be at least 60 years of age or in receipt of a disability pension from the
   Department of Welfare and Population Development;
- d. be in receipt of a total monthly income from all sources (including income of spouses of owner) not exceeding an amount annually determined by the Municipality. For the 2018/2019 financial year this amount is determined as 3 (three) times the social pension per month; and
- e. provided that where the owner is unable to occupy the property due to no fault of his/her own, the spouse or minor children may satisfy the occupancy requirement.
- ii. Property owners must apply on a prescribed application form for a rebate as determined by the municipality.
- iii. Applications must be accompanied by:-
  - a certified copy of the identity document or any other proof of the owners age which is acceptable to the municipality;
  - b. sufficient proof of income of the owner and his/her spouse;
  - c. an affidavit from the owner;
  - d. if the owner is a disabled person proof of a disability pension payable by the state must be supplied; and
  - e. if the owner has retired at an earlier stage for medical reasons proof thereof must be submitted.
- iv. All applications must be addressed in writing to the municipality by 31

  August for the financial year in respect of which the rate is levied. If
  the rebate applied for is granted the rebate will apply for the full
  financial year.
- v. The municipality retains the right to refuse the exemption if the details supplied in the application form were incomplete, incorrect or false.
- 8.3 Properties with a market value below a prescribed valuation level of a value to be determined annually by the Municipality may, instead of a rate being determined on the market value, be rated a uniform fixed amount per property.
- 8.4 The extent of the rebates granted in terms of clauses 8.1 and 8.2 must annually be determined by the municipality and included in the annual budget.

#### 9. SPECIAL RATING AREAS

9.1 The municipality may from time to time, as provided for in Section 22 of the Act, and as to be depicted in its annual budget and by resolution of the Council, determine a certain area



within the boundaries of the municipality, as a special rating area.

- 9.2 The following matters shall be attended to in consultation with the committee referred to in clause 10.6 whenever special rating is being considered:-
  - 9.2.1 Proposed boundaries of the special rating area;
  - 9.2.2 Statistical data of the area concerned giving a comprehensive picture of the number of erven with its zoning, services being rendered and detail of services such as capacity, number of vacant erven and services that are not rendered;
  - 9.2.3 Proposed improvements clearly indicating the estimated costs of each individual improvement;
  - 9.2.4 Proposed financing of the improvements or projects;
  - 9.2.5 Priority of projects if more than one;
  - 9.2.6 Social economic factors of the relevant community;
  - 9.2.7 Different categories of property;
  - 9.2.8 The amount of the proposed special rating;
  - 9.2.9 Details regarding the implementation of the special rating;
  - 9.2.10 The additional income that will be generated by means of this special rating.
- 9.3 An additional rate, as will be depicted in the annual budget, shall be levied on the properties in the identified area, for the purpose of raising funds for improving or upgrading of the specified area.
- 9.4 The municipality may differentiate between categories of properties when levying the additional special rate.
- 9.5 The municipality shall establish separate accounting and other record-keeping systems for the identified area and the households concerned shall be kept informed of projects and financial implications on an annual basis.
- 9.6 The municipality shall establish a committee, composed by representatives from the specific area, to act as consultative and advisory forum. This committee shall be a sub-committee of the ward committee/s in the area. The election of the committee will happen under the guidance of the Municipal Manager. Gender representivity shall be taken into consideration with the establishment of the committee. The committee will serve in an advisory capacity only and will have no decisive powers.



- 9.7 In determining the special additional rates the municipality shall differentiate between different categories as referred to in clause 4.
- 9.8 The additional rates levied shall be utilised for the purpose of improving or upgrading of the specific area only and not for any other purposes whatsoever.

# 10. PAYMENT OF RATES

- 10.1 The rates levied on the properties shall be payable:-
  - (a) on a monthly basis; or
  - (b) annually, before 30 December each year.
- 10.2 Ratepayers may choose paying rates annually in one installment on or before 30 December each year. If the owner of property that is subject to rates, notify the municipal manager or his/her nominee in writing not later than 30 June in any financial year, or such later date in such financial year as may be determined by the municipality that he/she wishes to pay all rates annually, such owner shall be entitled to pay all rates in the subsequent financial year and each subsequent financial year annually until such notice is withdrawn by him/her in a similar manner.
- 10.3 The municipality shall determine the due dates for payments in monthly installments and the single annual payment and this date shall appear on the accounts forwarded to the owner/ tenant/ occupants/ agent.
- 10.4 Interest on arrears rates, whether payable on or before 30 December or in equal monthly installments, shall be calculated in accordance with the provisions of the Credit Control and Debt Collection Policy of the Municipality. No interest will be charged on annually payments before January of the following year
- 10.5 If a property owner who is responsible for the payment of property rates in terms of this policy fails to pay such rates in the prescribed manner, it will be recovered from him/her in accordance with the provisions of the Credit Control and Debt Collection By-law of the Municipality.
- 10.6 Arrears rates shall be recovered from tenants, occupiers and agents of the owner, in terms of section 28 and 29 of the Act and the Municipality's credit control and debt collection by-law.



- 10.7 Where the rates levied on a particular property have been incorrectly determined, whether because of an error or omission on the part of the municipality or false information provided by the property owner concerned or a contravention of the permitted use to which the property concerned may be put, the rates payable shall be appropriately adjusted for the period extending from the date on which the error or omission is detected back to the date on which rates were first levied in terms of the current valuation roll.
- 10.8 In addition, where the error occurred because of false information provided by the property owner or as a result of a contravention of the permitted use of the property concerned, interest on the unpaid portion of the adjusted rates payable shall be levied at the maximum rate permitted by prevailing legislation.

# 11. ACCOUNTS TO BE FURNISHED

- 11.1 The municipality will furnish each person liable for the payment of rates with a written account, which will specify:
  - (i) the amount due for rates payable,
  - (ii) the date on or before which the amount is payable,
  - (iii) how the amount was calculated,
  - (iv) the market value of the property,
  - (v) if the property is subject to any compulsory phasing—in discount, the amount of the discount; and
  - (vi) rebates exemptions reductions or phasing-in, if applicable.
- 11.2 A person liable for payment of rates remains liable for such payment, whether or not such person has received a written account from the municipality. If the person concerned has not received a written account, he/she must make the necessary enquiries with the municipality.
- 11.3 In the case of joint ownership the municipality shall consistently, in order to minimise costs and unnecessary administration, recover rates from one of the joint owners only provided that it takes place with the consent of the owners concerned.

#### 12. GENERAL VALUATION OF RATEABLE PROPERTY

- 12.1 The municipality shall prepare a new valuation roll at least every 5 (Five) years.
- 12.2 In accordance with the Act the municipality, under exceptional circumstances, may request the MEC for Local Government and Housing in the province to extend the validity of the valuation roll to 7 (seven) years.



12.3 Supplementary valuations may be done on a continual basis but at least on an annual basis.

#### 13. LIABILITY FOR AND RECOVERY OF RATES

- 13.1 The owner of a property shall be liable for the payment of the rates levied on the property.
- 13.2 Joint owners of a property shall be jointly and severally liable for payment of the rates levied on the property.
- 13.3 In the case where an agricultural property is owned by more than one owner in undivided shares and these undivided shares were allowed before the commencement date of the Subdivision of Agricultural Land Act, 1970, Act No. 70 of 1970, the municipality shall hold any joint owners liable for all rates levied in respect of the agricultural property concerned or hold any joint owners only liable for that portion of rates levied on the property that represents joint owner's undivided share in the property.
- 13.4 In the event that a property has been transferred to a new owner and an Interim Valuation took place, the immediate predecessor in title, as well as the new owner, will jointly and severally be held responsible for settling the interim account.
- Properties, which vest in the Municipality during developments, i.e. open spaces and roads should be transferred at the cost of the developer to the Municipality. Until such time, rates levied will be for the account of the developer even if it is zoned as Municipal in the valuation roll
- 13.6 Rates Clearance Certificates will be valid for a period of maximum 3 months after date of issuing

# 14. CORRECTION OF ERRORS AND OMISSIONS

- 14.1 Where the rates levied on a particular property have been incorrectly determined, whether because of an error or omission on the part of the municipality or false information provided by the property owner concerned or a contravention of the permitted use to which the property concerned may be put, the rates payable shall be appropriately adjusted for the period extending from the date on which the error or omission is detected back to the date on which rates were first levied in terms of the current valuation roll.
- In addition, where the error occurred because of false information provided by the property owner or as a result of a contravention of the permitted use of the property concerned, interest on the unpaid portion of the adjusted rates payable shall be levied at the maximum rate permitted by prevailing legislation.



In the case where an agricultural property is owned by more than one owner in undivided shares and these undivided shares were allowed before the commencement date of the Subdivision of Agricultural Land Act, 1970, Act No. 70 of 1970, the municipality shall hold any joint owners liable for all rates levied in respect of the agricultural property concerned or hold any joint owners only liable for that portion of rates levied on the property that represents joint owner's undivided share in the property.

#### 15 DIFFERENTIAL RATES

- 15.1 Criteria for differential rating on different categories of properties will be according to:-
  - (a) The nature of the property including its sensitivity to rating e.g. agricultural properties used for agricultural purposes.
  - (b) The promotion of social and economic development of the municipality.
- Differential rating among the various property categories will be done by way of setting different cent amount in the rand for each property category; and
- 15.3 by way of reductions and rebates as provided for in this policy document.

# 16. COSTS OF EXEMPTIONS, REBATES, REDUCTIONS AND PHASING IN OF RATES

- During the budget process the accounting officer must inform Council of all costs associated with suggested exemptions, rebates, reductions and phasing in of rates.
- 16.2 Provisions must be made on the operating budget for: -
  - (a) the full potential revenue associated with property rates; and
  - (b) the full costs associated with exemptions, rebates, reductions and phasing in of rates.
- 16.3 The revenue foregone should be further appropriately disclosed in the annual financial statements, and the rebates also be indicated on the rates accounts submitted to each property owner.

# 17. LOCAL, SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

- 17.1 The municipality may grant rebates to organisations that promote local, social and economic development in its area of jurisdiction.
- 17.2 The Municipality's LED Unit must validate the qualification for the continued application of the rebate and the said rebates must be phased- out within 3 years from the date that the rebate was granted for the first time.



17.3 Rebates will be restricted to a percentage determined by Council from time to time.

#### 18. REGISTER OF PROPERTIES

- The municipality will compile and maintain a register in respect of all properties situated within the jurisdiction of the municipality. The register will be divided into Part A and Part B.
- 18.2 Part A of the register will consist of the current valuation roll of the municipality and will include all supplementary valuations done from time to time.
- 18.3 Part B of the register will specify which properties on the valuation roll or any supplementary valuation roll are subject to:
  - i. Exemption from rates in terms of section 15 of the Property Rates Act,
  - ii. Rebate or reduction in terms of section 15,
  - iii. Phasing-in of rates in terms of section 21 and
  - iv. Exclusions as referred to in section 17
- 18.4 The register will be open for inspection by the public at the municipal main offices during office hours or on the website of the municipality.
- The municipality will update Part A of the register every 6 months during the supplementary valuation process.
- 18.6 Part B of the register will be updated on an annual basis as part of the implementation of the municipality's annual budget.

#### 19. COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION

- 19.1 Before the municipality adopts the rates policy, the municipal manager will follow the process of community participation envisaged in chapter 4 of the Municipal Systems Act and comply with the following requirements:
  - 19.1.1 Council must establish appropriate mechanisms, processes and procedures to enable the local community to participate and will provide for consultative sessions with locally recognised community organisations and where appropriate traditional authorities.
  - 19.1.2 Conspicuously display the draft rates policy for a period of at least 30 days at the municipality's head and satellite offices and libraries and on the website.
  - 19.1.3 Advertise in the media a notice stating that the draft rates policy has been prepared for submission to council and that such policy is available at the various municipal offices and on the website for public inspection.



- 19.1.4 Property owners and interest persons may obtain a copy of the draft policy from the municipal offices during office hours at a fee of determined annually by the municipality. Property owners and interest persons are invited to submit written comments or representations to the municipality within the specified period in the notice.
- 19.1.5 Council will consider all comments and/or representations received when considering the finalisation of the rates policy.
- 19.1.6 The municipality will communicate the outcomes of the consultation process in accordance with section 17 of the Municipal Systems Act 32 of 2000. For this purpose, public meetings will be advertised in local newspapers distributed within the Greater Tubatse municipal area.

#### 20. NOTIFICATION OF RATES

- 20.1 A notice stating the date on which the new rates shall become operational as resolved by Council must be displayed, published, disseminate and served by the Municipality in terms of Section 49 of the Act.
- 20.2 This is to be aligned with the annual budgetary process and shall be subject to the same obligations as contemplated in the MFMA.

# 21. BY-LAWS TO GIVE EFFECT TO THE RATES POLICY

21.1 The municipality will adopt By-laws to give effect to the implementation of the Rates Policy and such By-laws may differentiate between different categories of properties and different categories of owners of properties liable for the payment of rates.

# 22 REGULAR REVIEW PROCESSES

22.1 The rates policy must be reviewed on an annual basis to ensure that it complies with the Municipality's strategic objectives as contained in the Integrated Development Plan and with legislation.

#### 23 ENFORCEMENT/IMPLEMENTATION

23.1	This	policy	hás	been	approved	by	the	Municipality	in	terms	of	Council	resolution
			date	d	and take	es e	ffect	once approve	d b	y the C	oun	cil of Mun	icipality



# FETAKGOMO – TUBATSE LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

# SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT POLICY 2018/2019

# FETAKGOMO TUBATSE LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

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#### **Definitions**

 In this Policy, unless the context otherwise indicates, a word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the Act has the same meaning as in the Act, and —

"Bid" means a written offer in a prescribed or stipulated form in response to an invitation by an organ of state for the provision of goods, works or services.

"competitive bidding process" means a competitive bidding process referred to in paragraph 12 (1) (d) of this Policy;

"competitive bid" means a bid in terms of a competitive bidding process;

"Comparative price" means the price after the factors of a non-firm price and all unconditional discounts that can be utilized have been taken into consideration

"Consortium or joint venture" means an association of persons for the purpose of combining their expertise, property, capital, efforts, skill and knowledge in an a ctivity for the execution of a contract.

"Contract" means the agreement that results from the acceptance of a tender by an organ of state.

"final award", in relation to bids or quotations submitted for a contract, means the final decision on which bid or quote to accept;

"formal written price quotation" means quotations referred to in paragraph 12 (1) (c) of this Policy;

"Functionality" means the measurement according to pre-determined norms, as set out in the tender documents, of a service or commodity that is designed to be practical and useful, working or operating, taking into account, among other factors, the quality, reliability, viability and durability of a service and the technical capacity and ability of a tenderer.

#### "in the service of the state" means to be -

- (a) a member of -
  - (i) any municipal council;
  - (ii) any provincial legislature; or
  - (iii) the National Assembly or the National Council of Provinces;
- (b) a member of the board of directors of any municipal entity;
- (c) an official of any municipality or municipal entity;
- (d) an employee of any national or provincial department, national or provincial public entity or constitutional institution within the meaning of the Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act No.1 of 1999);
- (e) a member of the accounting authority of any national or provincial public entity; or
- (f) an employee of Parliament or a provincial legislature;

"long term contract" means a contract with a duration period exceeding one year;

"list of accredited prospective providers" means the list of accredited prospective providers which the [municipality] must keep in terms of paragraph 14 of this policy;

"other applicable legislation" means any other legislation applicable to municipal supply chain management, including —

(a) the Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act, 2000 (Act No. 5 of 2000);

- (b) the Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment Act, 2003 (Act No. 53 of 2003); and
- (c) the Construction Industry Development Board Act, 2000 (Act No.38 of 2000);
- "Sub-contracting" means the primary contractor's assigning or leasing or makingout work to, or employing another person to support such primary contractor in the execution of part of a project in terms of the contract.

"Treasury guidelines" means any guidelines on supply chain management issued by the Minister in terms of section 168 of the Act;

"the Act" means the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (Act No. 56 of 2003);

"the Regulations" means the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003, Municipal Supply Chain Management Regulations published by Government Notice 868 of 2005;

"written or verbal quotations" means quotations referred to in paragraph 12(1)(b) of this Policy.

#### **CHAPTER 1**

#### IMPLEMENTATION OF SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT POLICY

## Supply chain management policy

- 2. (1) All officials and other role players in the supply chain management system of the FTM & GTM Local Municipality must implement this Policy in a way that —
- (a) gives effect to -
  - (i) section 217 of the Constitution; and
  - (ii) Part 1 of Chapter 11 and other applicable provisions of the Act;
- (b) is fair, equitable, transparent, competitive and cost effective;
- (c) complies with -
  - (i) the Regulations; and
  - (ii) any minimum norms and standards that may be prescribed in terms of section 168 of the Act;
- (d) is consistent with other applicable legislation;
- (e) does not undermine the objective for uniformity in supply chain management systems between organs of state in all spheres; and
- (f) is consistent with national economic policy concerning the promotion of investments and doing business with the public sector.
- (2) This Policy applies when the FTM & GTM Local Municipality
- (a) procures goods or services;
- (b) disposes goods no longer needed;
- (c) selects contractors to provide assistance in the provision of municipal services otherwise than in circumstances where Chapter 8 of the Municipal Systems Act applies; or
- (d) selects external mechanisms referred to in section 80 (1) (b) of the Municipal Systems Act for the provision of municipal services in circumstances contemplated in section 83 of that Act.

- (3) This Policy, except where provided otherwise, does not apply in respect of the procurement of goods and services contemplated in section 110(2) of the Act, including –
- (a) water from the Department of Water Affairs or a public entity, another municipality or a municipal entity; and
- (b) electricity from Eskom or another public entity, another municipality or a municipal entity.

## Amendment of the supply chain management policy

- 3. (1) The accounting officer must –
- (a) at least annually review the implementation of this Policy; and
- (b) when the accounting officer considers it necessary, submit proposals for the amendment of this Policy to the FTM & GTM Municipal Council.
- (2) If the accounting officer submits proposed amendments to the **council** that differs from the model policy issued by the National Treasury, the accounting officer must –
- ensure that such proposed amendments comply with the Regulations;
   and
- (b) report any deviation from the model policy to the National Treasury and the relevant provincial treasury.
- (3) When amending this supply chain management policy the need for uniformity in supply chain practices, procedures and forms between organs of state in all spheres, particularly to promote accessibility of supply chain management systems for small businesses must be taken into account.

#### Delegation of supply chain management powers and duties

- **4.** (1) The **council** hereby delegates all powers and duties to the accounting officer which are necessary to enable the accounting officer –
- (a) to discharge the supply chain management responsibilities conferred on accounting officers in terms of –

- (i) Chapter 8 or 10 of the Act; and
- (ii) this Policy;
- (b) to maximise administrative and operational efficiency in the implementation of this Policy;
- (c) to enforce reasonable cost-effective measures for the prevention of fraud, corruption, favouritism and unfair and irregular practices in the implementation of this Policy; and
- (d) to comply with his or her responsibilities in terms of section 115 and other applicable provisions of the Act.
- (2) Sections 79 and 106 of the Act apply to the subdelegation of powers and duties delegated to an accounting officer in terms of subparagraph (1).
- (3) The accounting officer may not subdelegate any supply chain management powers or duties to a person who is not an official of **the FTM & GTM Municipality** or to a committee which is not exclusively composed of officials of the **municipality**.
- (4) This paragraph may not be read as permitting an official to whom the power to make final awards has been delegated, to make a final award in a competitive bidding process otherwise than through the committee system provided for in paragraph 26 of this Policy.

#### **Subdelegations**

5. (1) The accounting officer may in terms of section 79 or 106 of the Act subdelegate any supply chain management powers and duties, including those delegated to the accounting officer in terms of this Policy, but any such subdelegation must be consistent with subparagraph (2) of this paragraph and paragraph 4 of this Policy.

- (2) The power to make a final award -
- (a) above R500 000(VAT included) may not be sub-delegated by the accounting officer;
- (b) above R200 000 (VAT included), but not exceeding R500 000 (VAT included), may be subdelegated but only to
  - (i) the chief financial officer;
  - (ii) senior manager
- (c) not exceeding R200 000 (VAT included) may be sub-delegated but only

to -

- (i) the chief financial officer;
- (ii) senior manager,
- (iii) a manager directly accountable to the chief financial officer
- (3) An official or bid adjudication committee to which the power to make final awards has been sub-delegated in accordance with subparagraph (2) must within five days of the end of each month submit to the official referred to in subparagraph (4) a written report containing particulars of each final award made by such official or committee during that month, including—
- (a) the amount of the award:
- (b) the name of the person to whom the award was made; and
- (c) the reason why the award was made to that person.
- (4) A written report referred to in subparagraph (3) must be submitted –
- (a) to the accounting officer, in the case of an award by -
  - (i) the chief financial officer:
  - (ii) a senior manager; or
  - (iii) a bid adjudication committee of which the chief financial officer or a senior manager is a member; or
- (b) to the chief financial officer or the senior manager responsible for the relevant bid, in the case of an award by
  - (i) a manager referred to in subparagraph (2)(c)(iii); or

- (ii) a bid adjudication committee of which the chief financial officer or a senior manager is not a member.
- (5) Subparagraphs (3) and (4) of this policy do not apply to procurements out of petty cash.
- (6) This paragraph may not be interpreted as permitting an official to whom the power to make final awards has been sub delegated, to make a final award in a competitive bidding process otherwise than through the committee system provided for in paragraph 26 of this Policy.
- (7) No supply chain management decision-making powers may be delegated to an advisor or consultant.

#### Oversight role of council

- **6.** (1) The **council** reserves its right to maintain oversight over the implementation of this Policy.
  - (2) For the purposes of such oversight the accounting officer must -
- (a) (i) within 30 days of the end of each financial year, submit a report on the implementation of this Policy and the supply chain management policy of any municipal entity under the sole or shared control of the municipality, to the council of the municipality; and
  - (ii) whenever there are serious and material problems in the implementation of this Policy, immediately submit a report to the council of the municipality or in the case of a municipal entity, to the board of directors, who must then submit the

## report to the accounting officer of the parent municipality for submission to the council.

- (3) The accounting officer must, within 10 days of the end of each quarter, submit a report on the implementation of the supply chain management policy to the mayor.
- (4) The reports must be made public in accordance with section 21A of the Municipal Systems Act.

## Supply chain management unit

- 7. (1) A supply chain management unit is hereby established to implement this Policy.
- (2) The supply chain management unit operates under the direct supervision of the chief financial officer or an official to whom this duty has been delegated in terms of section 82 of the Act.

## Training of supply chain management officials

8. The training of officials involved in implementing this Policy should be in accordance with any Treasury guidelines on supply chain management training.

## CHAPTER 2 SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

#### Format of supply chain management system

- 9. This Policy provides systems for -
  - (i) demand management;
  - (ii) acquisition management;
  - (iii) logistics management;
  - (iv) disposal management;
  - (v) risk management; and
  - (vi) performance management.

#### Part 1: Demand management

## System of demand management

- **10.** (1) The accounting officer must establish and implement an appropriate demand management system in order to ensure that the resources required by **the municipality** support its operational commitments and its strategic goals outlined in the Integrated Development Plan.
  - (2) The demand management system must -
- (a) include timely planning and management processes to ensure that all goods and services required by the municipality are quantified, budgeted for and timely and effectively delivered at the right locations and at the critical delivery dates, and are of the appropriate quality and quantity at a fair cost;
- (b) take into account any benefits of economies of scale that may be derived in the case of acquisitions of a repetitive nature; and
- (c) provide for the compilation of the required specifications to ensure that its needs are met.
- (d) To undertake appropriate industry analysis and research to ensure that innovations and technological benefits are maximized.

#### Part 2: Acquisition management

## System of acquisition management

- **11.** (1) The accounting officer must implement the system of acquisition management set out in this Part in order to ensure –
- (a) that goods and services are procured by **the municipality** in accordance with authorised processes only;
- (b) that expenditure on goods and services is incurred in terms of an approved budget in terms of section 15 of the Act;
- (c) that the threshold values for the different procurement processes are complied with;
- (d) that bid documentation, evaluation and adjudication criteria, and general conditions of a contract, are in accordance with any applicable legislation;

and

- (e) that any Treasury guidelines on acquisition management are properly taken into account.
- (2) When procuring goods or services contemplated in section 110(2) of the Act, the accounting officer must make public the fact that such goods or services are procured otherwise than through the **municipality's** supply chain management system, including -
- (a) the kind of goods or services; and
- (b) the name of the supplier.

#### Range of procurement processes

- 12. (1) Goods and services may only be procured by way of -
- (a) petty cash purchases, up to a transaction value of R500 (VAT included);
- (b) at least one quotation for procurements of a transaction value of over R500 up to R2000.00(Vat included);
- (c) at least three written or verbal quotations for procurements of a transaction value over R 2000 up to R10 000 (VAT included);
- (d) three formal written price quotations for procurements of a transaction value over R10 000 up to R200 000 (VAT included); and

- (e) a competitive bidding process for-
  - (i) procurements above a transaction value of R200 000 (VAT included); and
  - (ii) the procurement of long term contracts.
  - (2) The accounting officer may, in writing-
- (a) lower, but not increase, the different threshold values specified in subparagraph (1); or
- (b) direct that -
  - (i) written or verbal quotations be obtained for any specific procurement of a transaction value lower than R2 000;
  - (ii) formal written price quotations be obtained for any specific procurement of a transaction value lower than R10 000;

or

- (iii) a competitive bidding process be followed for any specific procurement of a transaction value lower than R200 000.
- (3) Goods or services may not deliberately be split into parts or items of a lesser value merely to avoid complying with the requirements of the policy. When determining transaction values, a requirement for goods or services consisting of different parts or items must as far as possible be treated and dealt with as a single transaction.

#### General preconditions for consideration of written quotations or bids

- **13.** A written quotation or bid may not be considered unless the provider who submitted the quotation or bid –
- (a) has furnished that provider's -
  - (i) full name;
  - (ii) identification number or company or other registration number; and
  - (iii) tax reference number and VAT registration number, if any;
- (b) has authorised the **municipality** to obtain a tax clearance from the South African Revenue Services that the provider's tax matters are in order; and
- (c) has indicated -
  - (i) whether he or she is in the service of the state, or has been in the service of the state in the previous twelve months;
  - (ii) if the provider is not a natural person, whether any of its directors, managers, principal shareholders or stakeholder is in the service of the state, or has been in the service of the state in the previous twelve months; or
  - (iii) whether a spouse, child or parent of the provider or of a director, manager, shareholder or stakeholder referred to in subparagraph (ii) is in the service of the state, or has been in the service of the state in the previous twelve months.

#### Lists of accredited prospective providers

14. (1) Accounting Officers of municipalities and municipal entities should ensure that their supply chain management and other officials utilize the CSD(Central Supplier Database) for a list of accredited prospective providers.

#### Petty cash purchases

- **15.** The conditions for the procurement of goods by means of petty cash purchases referred to in paragraph 12 (1) (a) of this Policy, are as follows –
- (a) The responsibility for petty cash to an official reporting to the manager may only be delegated in the absent of the manager;

- (b) purchases from petty cash are to be restricted to small items of stationary, refreshments or small items required in an emergency that do not exceed a transaction value of R500.00 per day;
- (b) At least 5 petty cash purchases may be made per month for each manager;
- (c) Expenditure for registration of motor vehicles may be defrayed from petty cash; and
- (d) a monthly reconciliation report from each manager must be provided to the chief financial officer, including –
  - (i) the total amount of petty cash purchases for that month; and
  - (ii) receipts and appropriate documents for each purchase.
- (e) petty cash requests must be properly authorized and have the correct line item description. All requests to be accompanied by relevant/appropriate supporting documents e.g. cash sale slips, receipts and so forth.

## Written or verbal quotations

- **16.** The conditions for the procurement of goods or services through written or verbal quotations, are as follows:
- (a) Quotations must be obtained from at least three different providers preferably from, but not limited to, providers whose names appear on the list of accredited prospective providers of the **municipality**, provided that if quotations are obtained from providers who are not listed, such providers must meet the listing criteria set out in paragraph 14(1)(b) and (c) of this Policy;
- (b) to the extent feasible, providers must be requested to submit such quotations in writing;
- (c) if it is not possible to obtain at least three quotations, the reasons must be recorded and reported quarterly to the accounting officer or another official designated by the accounting officer;
- (d) the accounting officer must record the names of the potential providers requested to provide such quotations with their quoted prices; and

(e) if a quotation was submitted verbally, the order may be placed only against written confirmation by the selected provider.

#### Formal written price quotations

- **17.** (1) The conditions for the procurement of goods or services through formal written price quotations, are as follows:
- quotations must be obtained in writing from at least three different providers whose names appear on the list of accredited prospective providers of the municipality;
- quotations may be obtained from providers who are not listed, provided that such providers meet the listing criteria set out in paragraph 14(1)(b) and (c) of this Policy;
- (c) if it is not possible to obtain at least three quotations, the reasons must be recorded and approved by the chief financial officer or an official designated by the chief financial officer, and
- (d) the accounting officer must record the names of the potential providers and their written quotations.
- (2) A designated official referred to in subparagraph (1) (c) must within three days of the end of each month report to the chief financial officer on any approvals given during that month by that official in terms of that subparagraph.

## Procedures for procuring goods or services through written or verbal quotations and formal written price quotations

- **18.** The procedure for the procurement of goods or services through written or verbal quotations or formal written price quotations, is as follows:
- (a) when using the list of accredited prospective providers the accounting officer must promote ongoing competition amongst providers by inviting providers to submit quotations on a rotation basis;
- (b) all requirements in excess of R30 000 (VAT included) that are to be procured by means of formal written price quotations must, in addition to the requirements of paragraph 17, be advertised for at least seven days on the website and an official notice board of the municipality;

- offers received must be evaluated on a comparative basis taking into account unconditional discounts;
  - (d) the accounting officer or chief financial officer must on a monthly basis be notified in writing of all written or verbal quotations and formal written price quotations accepted by an official acting in terms of a subdelegation;
- (e) offers below R30 000 (VAT included) must be awarded based on compliance to specifications and conditions of contract, ability and capability to deliver the goods and services and lowest price;
- (f) acceptable offers, which are subject to the preference points system (PPPFA and associated regulations), must be awarded to the bidder who scored the highest points;
- (g) Certain transactions like accommodation, conferencing, placing advertisements in newspapers may be negotiated directly with one supplier than requesting for comparative quotations.

## Competitive bids

- **19.** (1) Goods or services above a transaction value of R200 000 (VAT included) and long term contracts may only be procured through a competitive bidding process, subject to paragraph 11(2) of this Policy.
- (2) No requirement for goods or services above an estimated transaction value of R200 000 (VAT included), may deliberately be split into parts or items of lesser value merely for the sake of procuring the goods or services otherwise than through a competitive bidding process.

#### Process for competitive bidding

- **20.** The procedures for the following stages of a competitive bidding process are as follows:
- (a) Compilation of bidding documentation as detailed in paragraph 21;
- (b) Public invitation of bids as detailed in paragraph 22;
- (c) Site meetings or briefing sessions as detailed in paragraph 22;

- (d) Handling of bids submitted in response to public invitation as detailed in paragraph 23;
- (e) Evaluation of bids as detailed in paragraph 28;
- (f) Award of contracts as detailed in paragraph 29;
- (g) Administration of contracts
  - After approval of a bid, the accounting officer and the bidder must enter into a written agreement.
- (h) Proper record keeping
  - (i) Original / legal copies of written contracts agreements should be kept in a secure place for reference purposes.

#### Bid documentation for competitive bids

- **21.** The criteria to which bid documentation for a competitive bidding process must comply, must –
- (a) take into account -
  - the general conditions of contract and any special conditions of contract, if specified;
  - (ii) any Treasury guidelines on bid documentation; and
  - (iii) the requirements of the Construction Industry Development Board, in the case of a bid relating to construction, upgrading or refurbishment of buildings or infrastructure;
- (b) include the preference points system to be used , goals as contemplated in the Preferential Procurement Regulations and evaluation and adjudication criteria, including any criteria required by other applicable legislation;
- (c) compel bidders to declare any conflict of interest they may have in the transaction for which the bid is submitted;
- (d) if the value of the transaction is expected to exceed R10 million (VAT included), require bidders to furnish—
  - (i) if the bidder is required by law to prepare annual financial statements for auditing, their audited annual financial statements
    - (aa) for the past three years; or

- (bb) since their establishment if established during the past three years;
- (ii) a certificate signed by the bidder certifying that the bidder has no undisputed commitments for municipal services towards a municipality or other service provider in respect of which payment is overdue for more than 30 days;
- (iii) particulars of any contracts awarded to the bidder by an organ of state during the past five years, including particulars of any material non-compliance or dispute concerning the execution of such contract;
- (iv) a statement indicating whether any portion of the goods or services are expected to be sourced from outside the Republic, and, if so, what portion and whether any portion of payment from the municipality is expected to be transferred out of the Republic; and
- (e) stipulate that disputes must be settled by means of mutual consultation, mediation (with or without legal representation), or, when unsuccessful, in a South African court of law.
- (f) Sale of tender documents

  Tender document shall be made available to bidders upon payment of
  a non-refundable fee of:

80/20 - R300 90/10 - R500

depending on the nature of the service

## Public invitation for competitive bids

- 22. (1) The procedure for the invitation of competitive bids, is as follows:
- (a) Any invitation to prospective providers to submit bids must be by means of a public advertisement in newspapers commonly circulating locally, the website of the **municipality** or any other appropriate ways (which may include an advertisement in the Government Tender Bulletin); and
- (b) the information contained in a public advertisement, must include -
  - (i) the closure date for the submission of bids, which may not be less than 30 days in the case of transactions over R10 million

(VAT included), or which are of a long term nature, or 14 days in any other case, from the date on which the advertisement is placed in a newspaper, subject to subparagraph (2) of this policy;

- (ii) a statement that bids may only be submitted on the bid documentation provided by the **municipality**; and
- (iii) date, time and venue of any proposed site meetings or briefing sessions.;
- (2) The accounting officer may determine a closure date for the submission of bids which is less than the 30 or 14 days requirement, but only if such shorter period can be justified on the grounds of urgency or emergency or any exceptional case where it is impractical or impossible to follow the official procurement process.
  - (3) Bids submitted must be sealed.
  - (4) Where bids are requested in electronic format, such bids must be supplemented by sealed hard copies.
  - (5) The municipality reserves the right to sell bids documents at a non-refundable fee determined from time to time as per the different scope of works and services to be rendered

#### Procedure for handling, opening and recording of bids

- **23.** The procedures for the handling, opening and recording of bids, are as follows:
- (a) Bids-
  - (i) must be opened only in public;
  - (ii) must be opened at the same time and as soon as possible after the period for the submission of bids has expired; and
  - (iii) received after the closing time should not be considered and returned unopened immediately.

- (b) Closure time for bids shall be 12h00 as stipulated in the tender documents.
- (c) Any bidder or member of the public has the right to request that the names of the bidders who submitted bids in time must be read out and, if practical, also each bidder's total bidding price;
- (d) No information, except the provisions in subparagraph (b), relating to the bid should be disclosed to bidders or other persons until the successful bidder is notified of the award; and
- (e) The accounting officer must -
  - (i) record in a register all bids received in time;
  - (ii) make the register available for public inspection; and
  - (iii) publish the entries in the register and the bid results on the website.

(f)Bidders shall be required to submit bids for a period specified in the bid document and all bids received will remain valid for period of 90 **working** days after the closing date.

#### Negotiations with preferred bidders

- **24.** (1) The accounting officer may negotiate the final terms of a contract with bidders identified through a competitive bidding process as preferred bidders, provided that such negotiation —
- (a) does not allow any preferred bidder a second or unfair opportunity;
- (b) is not to the detriment of any other bidder; and
- (c) does not lead to a higher price than the bid as submitted.
  - (2) Minutes of such negotiations must be kept for record purposes.

### Two-stage bidding process

- **25**. (1) A two-stage bidding process is allowed for –
- (a) large complex projects;
- (b) projects where it may be undesirable to prepare complete detailed technical specifications; or
- (c) long term projects with a duration period exceeding three years.

- (2) In the first stage technical proposals on conceptual design or performance specifications should be invited, subject to technical as well as commercial clarifications and adjustments.
- (3) In the second stage final technical proposals and priced bids should be invited.

## Committee system for competitive bids

- **26.** (1) A committee system for competitive bids is hereby established, consisting of the following committees for each procurement or cluster of procurements as the accounting officer may determine:
- (a) a bid specification committee;
- (b) a bid evaluation committee; and
- (c) a bid adjudication committee;
- (2) The accounting officer appoints the members of each committee, taking into account section 117 of the Act; and
- (3) A neutral or independent observer, appointed by the accounting officer, must attend or oversee a committee when this is appropriate for ensuring fairness and promoting transparency.
  - (4) The committee system must be consistent with -
- (a) paragraph 27, 28 and 29 of this Policy; and
- (b) any other applicable legislation.
- (5) The accounting officer may apply the committee system to formal written price quotations.

#### **Bid specification committees**

- **27.** (1) A bid specification committee must compile the specifications for each procurement of goods or services by the **municipality.** 
  - (2) Specifications -
- (a) must be drafted in an unbiased manner to allow all potential suppliers to offer their goods or services;
- (b) must take account of any accepted standards such as those issued by Standards South Africa, the International Standards Organisation, or an authority accredited or recognised by the South African National Accreditation System with which the equipment or material or workmanship should comply;
- (c) must, where possible, be described in terms of performance required rather than in terms of descriptive characteristics for design;
- (d) may not create trade barriers in contract requirements in the forms of specifications, plans, drawings, designs, testing and test methods, packaging, marking or labeling of conformity certification;
- (e) may not make reference to any particular trade mark, name, patent, design, type, specific origin or producer unless there is no other sufficiently precise or intelligible way of describing the characteristics of the work, in which case such reference must be accompanied by the word "equivalent";
- (f) must indicate each specific goal for which points may be awarded in terms of the points system set out in the Preferential Procurement Regulations 2001; and
- (g)(i) for procurements of R30 000 to R200 000 must be approved by the supply chain manager or Chief financial officer prior to publication of the invitation to bids in terms of paragraph 22 of this policy
- (ii) for procurements of R200 000 to R1 000 000 must be approved by the chief financial officer prior to publication of the invitation to bids in terms of paragraph 22 of this policy
- (iii) for procurements of R1 000 000 to infinity must be approved by the accounting officer prior to publication of the invitation to bids in terms of paragraph 22 of this policy

- (3) A bid specification must be composed of at least one member from the supply chain management office, a chairperson and other members from user departments as appointed by the accounting officer. Other members' participation ceases with the completion of the compilation of a particular specification.
- (4) No person, advisor or corporate entity involved with the bid specification committee, or director of such a corporate entity, may bid for any resulting contracts.

#### Bid evaluation committees

- 28. (1) A bid evaluation committee must -
- (a) evaluate bids in accordance with -
  - (i) the specifications for a specific procurement; and
  - (ii) the BEE status level of contribution in terms of Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act and its revised regulations of 2011.
- (b) evaluate each bidder's ability to execute the contract;
- (c) Evaluation process/criteria
  - (i) All evaluators/members of Bid Evaluation Committee should be cleared at the level of "CONFIDENTIALITY" and should be required to declare their financial interest annually.
  - (ii) No persons may interfere with the SCM system of FTM & GTM Local Municipality, or tamper with any quotation/bid after its receipt. FTM & GTM Local Municipality must reject a proposal for the award of a contract if the recommended bidder has committed a proven corrupt or fraudulent act in competing for the particular contract.
  - (iii) FTM & GTM Local Municipality must disregard the bid of any bidder if that bidder, or any of its directors:
  - Have abused the SCM system of FTM & GTM Local Municipality

- Have failed to perform on any previous contract and the proof exists.
- Such actions must be communicated to the National Treasury.
- (iv) Quotations or Bids above R30 000 but not exceeding R200 000 must be evaluated against the predetermined criteria in the bid document by the Supply Chain Manager & user department. A report will then be forwarded to the Chief Financial Officer for approval and appointment. The criteria to be taken into account are as per section 28 (10(c)(v):
- (v) Bids above R200 000 must be evaluated against the predetermined criteria in the bid document. The criteria to be taken into account are inter alia:
- Compliance with minimum requirements
- Compliance with specification/ TOR and conditions of the bid.
- Functionality
- Price
- the BEE status level of contribution

## (vi) Completion and signing of bids

- -During evaluation the evaluation committee must do a compliance check that the quotation/bid documentation complies with the predetermined conditions and that all required forms and information are submitted, completed in full and legible.
- -The invitation to bid and all forms that form part of the bid document must be signed in ink. All declarations must also be signed and all witnesses must also sign to qualify as valid claims.
- (d) check in respect of the recommended bidder whether municipal rates and taxes and municipal service charges are not in arrears, and;
- (e) submit to the adjudication committee a report and recommendations regarding the award of the bid or any other related matter.
- (f) Disqualify bids of which any documents that may be required are not attached

- (2) A bid evaluation committee must as far as possible be composed of-
- (a) officials from different departments as appointed by the accounting officer.
- (c) should a member declare a conflict of interest at any stage, the member may not be part of the Bid Evaluation Committee and must be replaced by a member of suitable expertise.
- (b) at least one supply chain management practitioner of the municipality.
- (c) officials from user departments may be invited to specific evaluation committee meeting
- (d) technical experts may be invited to sit in the bid evaluation meeting.
- (3) (a) the accounting officer or delegate must establish and appoint one or more Bid Evaluation Committee, as per requirement
- (b) No person other than a member of the Bid Evaluation Committee is allowed to attend the meeting.

#### Bid adjudication committees

- 29. (1) A bid adjudication committee must -
- (a) consider the report and recommendations of the bid evaluation committee; and
- (b) either -
  - depending on its delegations, make a final award or a recommendation to the accounting officer to make the final award; or
  - (ii) make another recommendation to the accounting officer how to proceed with the relevant procurement.
- (2) A bid adjudication committee must consist of at least four senior managers of the **municipality** which must include
  - (a) the chief financial officer or, if the chief financial officer is not available, another manager in the budget and treasury office

reporting directly to the chief financial officer and designated by the chief financial officer;

- (b) at least one senior supply chain management practitioner who is an official of the municipality, and
- (b) a technical expert in the relevant field who is an official, if such an expert exists.
- (3) The accounting officer must appoint the chairperson of the committee. If the chairperson is absent from a meeting, the members of the committee who are present must elect one of them to preside at the meeting.
- (4) Neither a member of a bid evaluation committee, nor an advisor or person assisting the evaluation committee, may be a member of a bid adjudication committee.
- (5) (a) If the bid adjudication committee decides to award a bid other than the one recommended by the bid evaluation committee, the bid adjudication committee must prior to awarding the bid
  - (i) check in respect of the preferred bidder whether that bidder's municipal rates and taxes and municipal service charges are not in arrears, and;
  - (ii) notify the accounting officer.
- (b) The accounting officer may
  - (i) after due consideration of the reasons for the deviation, ratify or reject the decision of the bid adjudication committee referred to in paragraph (a); and
  - (ii) if the decision of the bid adjudication committee is rejected, refer the decision of the adjudication committee back to that committee for reconsideration.
- (6) The accounting officer may at any stage of a bidding process, refer any recommendation made by the evaluation committee or the adjudication committee back to that committee for reconsideration of the recommendation.

(7) The accounting officer must comply with section 114 of the Act within 10 working days

## Procurement of banking services

- 30. (1) A contract for banking services -
- (a) must be procured through competitive bids;
- (b) must be consistent with section 7 or 85 of the Act; and
- (c) may not be for a period of more than five years at a time.
- (2) The process for procuring a contract for banking services must commence at least nine months before the end of an existing contract.
  - (3) The closure date for the submission of bids may not be less than 60 days from the date on which the advertisement is placed in a newspaper in terms of paragraph 22(1). Bids must be restricted to banks registered in terms of the Banks Act, 1990 (Act No. 94 of 1990).

#### Procurement of IT related goods or services

- **31.** (1) The accounting officer may request the State Information Technology Agency (SITA) to assist with the acquisition of IT related goods or services through a competitive bidding process.
- (2) Both parties must enter into a written agreement to regulate the services rendered by, and the payments to be made to, SITA.
- (3) The accounting officer must notify SITA together with a motivation of the IT needs if –
- (a) the transaction value of IT related goods or services required in any financial year will exceed R50 million (VAT included); or
- (b) the transaction value of a contract to be procured whether for one or more years exceeds R50 million (VAT included).

(4) If SITA comments on the submission and the **municipality** disagrees with such comments, the comments and the reasons for rejecting or not following such comments must be submitted to the council, the National Treasury, the relevant provincial treasury and the Auditor General.

## Procurement of goods and services under contracts secured by other organs of state

- **32.** (1) The accounting officer may procure goods or services under a contract secured by another organ of state, but only if –
- the contract has been secured by that other organ of state by means of a competitive bidding process applicable to that organ of state;
- (b) there is no reason to believe that such contract was not validly procured;
- (c) there are demonstrable discounts or benefits to do so; and
- (d) that other organ of state and the provider have consented to such procurement in writing.
  - (2) Subparagraphs (1)(c) and (d) do not apply if -
- (a) a municipal entity procures goods or services through a contract secured by its parent municipality; or
- (b) a municipality procures goods or services through a contract secured by a municipal entity of which it is the parent municipality.

## Procurement of goods necessitating special safety arrangements

- 33. (1) The acquisition and storage of goods in bulk (other than water), which necessitate special safety arrangements, including gasses and fuel, should be avoided where ever possible.
- (2) Where the storage of goods in bulk is justified, such justification must be based on sound reasons, including the total cost of ownership, cost advantages and environmental impact and must be approved by the accounting officer.

## **Proudly SA Campaign**

- **34.** The municipality supports the Proudly SA Campaign to the extent that, all things being equal, preference is given to procuring local goods and services from:
  - Firstly suppliers and businesses within the municipality or district;
  - Secondly suppliers and businesses within the relevant province;
  - Thirdly suppliers and businesses within the Republic.

#### Appointment of consultants

- **35.** (1) The accounting officer may procure consulting services provided that any Treasury guidelines in respect of consulting services are taken into account when such procurements are made.
  - (2) Consultancy services must be procured through competitive bids if
- (a) the value of the contract exceeds R200 000 (VAT included); or
- (b) the duration period of the contract exceeds one year.
  - (3) In addition to any requirements prescribed by this policy for competitive bids, bidders must furnish particulars of –
- (a) all consultancy services provided to an organ of state in the last five years; and
- (b) any similar consultancy services provided to an organ of state in the last five years.
- (4) The accounting officer must ensure that copyright in any document produced, and the patent rights or ownership in any plant, machinery, thing, system or process designed or devised, by a consultant in the course of the consultancy service is vested in the municipality.

## Deviation from, and ratification of minor breaches of, procurement processes

- **36.** (1) The accounting officer may –
- (a) dispense with the official procurement processes established by this Policy and to procure any required goods or services through any convenient process, which may include direct negotiations, but only
  - (i) in an emergency;
  - (ii) if such goods or services are produced or available from a single provider only;
  - (iii) for the acquisition of special works of art or historical objects where specifications are difficult to compile;
- (iv) acquisition of animals for zoos and/or nature and game reserves; or
  - (v) in any other exceptional case where it is impractical or impossible to follow the official procurement processes; and
- (b) ratify any minor breaches of the procurement processes by an official or committee acting in terms of delegated powers or duties which are purely of a technical nature.
- (2) The accounting officer must record the reasons for any deviations in terms of subparagraphs (1)(a) and (b) of this policy and report them to the next meeting of the council and include as a note to the annual financial statements.
- (3) Subparagraph (2) does not apply to the procurement of goods and services contemplated in paragraph 11(2) of this policy.

#### **Unsolicited bids**

- **37.** (1) In accordance with section 113 of the Act there is no obligation to consider unsolicited bids received outside a normal bidding process.
- (2) The accounting officer may decide in terms of section 113(2) of the Act to consider an unsolicited bid, only if –

- (a) the product or service offered in terms of the bid is a demonstrably or proven unique innovative concept;
- (b) the product or service will be exceptionally beneficial to, or have exceptional cost advantages;
- (c) the person who made the bid is the sole provider of the product or service; and
- (d) the reasons for not going through the normal bidding processes are found to be sound by the accounting officer.
- (3) If the accounting officer decides to consider an unsolicited bid that complies with subparagraph (2) of this policy, the decision must be made public in accordance with section 21A of the Municipal Systems Act, together with –
- (a) reasons as to why the bid should not be open to other competitors;
- (b) an explanation of the potential benefits if the unsolicited bid were accepted; and
- (c) an invitation to the public or other potential suppliers to submit their comments within 30 days of the notice.
- (4) The accounting officer must submit all written comments received pursuant to subparagraph (3), including any responses from the unsolicited bidder, to the National Treasury and the relevant provincial treasury for comment.
- (5) The adjudication committee must consider the unsolicited bid and may award the bid or make a recommendation to the accounting officer, depending on its delegations.
- (6) A meeting of the adjudication committee to consider an unsolicited bid must be open to the public.
- (7) When considering the matter, the adjudication committee must take into account –
- (a) any comments submitted by the public; and

- (b) any written comments and recommendations of the National Treasury or the relevant provincial treasury.
- (8) If any recommendations of the National Treasury or provincial treasury are rejected or not followed, the accounting officer must submit to the Auditor General, the relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury the reasons for rejecting or not following those recommendations.
- (9) Such submission must be made within seven days after the decision on the award of the unsolicited bid is taken, but no contract committing the **municipality** to the bid may be entered into or signed within 30 days of the submission.

## Combating of abuse of supply chain management system

- 38, (1) The accounting officer must-
- (a) take all reasonable steps to prevent abuse of the supply chain management system;
- (b) investigate any allegations against an official or other role player of fraud, corruption, favouritism, unfair or irregular practices or failure to comply with this Policy, and when justified —
  - (i) take appropriate steps against such official or other role player;
  - (ii) report any alleged criminal conduct to the South African Police Service;
- (c) check the National Treasury's database prior to awarding any contract to ensure that no recommended bidder, or any of its directors, is listed as a person prohibited from doing business with the public sector;
- (d) reject any bid from a bidder-

or

- (i) if any municipal rates and taxes or municipal service charges owed by that bidder or any of its directors to the municipality, or to any other municipality or municipal entity, are in arrears for more than three months; or
- (ii) who during the last five years has failed to perform satisfactorily on a previous contract with the **municipality** or any other organ

- of state after written notice was given to that bidder that performance was unsatisfactory;
- reject a recommendation for the award of a contract if the recommended bidder, or any of its directors, has committed a corrupt or fraudulent act in competing for the particular contract;
- (f) cancel a contract awarded to a person if -
  - (i) the person committed any corrupt or fraudulent act during the bidding process or the execution of the contract; or
  - (ii) an official or other role player committed any corrupt or fraudulent act during the bidding process or the execution of the contract that benefited that person; and
- (g) reject the bid of any bidder if that bidder or any of its directors
  - (i) has abused the supply chain management system of the municipality or has committed any improper conduct in relation to such system;
  - (ii) has been convicted for fraud or corruption during the past five years;
  - (iii) has willfully neglected, reneged on or failed to comply with any government, municipal or other public sector contract during the past five years; or
  - (iv) has been listed in the Register for Tender Defaulters in terms of section 29 of the Prevention and Combating of Corrupt Activities Act (No 12 of 2004).
- (2) The accounting officer must inform the National Treasury and relevant provincial treasury in writing of any actions taken in terms of subparagraphs (1)(b)(ii), (e) or (f) of this policy.

## Part 3: Logistics, Disposal, Risk and Performance Management

## Logistics management

**39.** The accounting officer must establish and implement an effective system of logistics management, which must include -

- (a) the monitoring of spending patterns on types or classes of goods and services incorporating, where practical, the coding of items to ensure that each item has a unique number;
- (b) the setting of inventory levels that includes minimum and maximum levels and lead times wherever goods are placed in stock;
- (c) the placing of manual or electronic orders for all acquisitions other than those from petty cash;
- (d) before payment is approved, certification by the responsible officer that the goods and services are received or rendered on time and is in accordance with the order, the general conditions of contract and specifications where applicable and that the price charged is as quoted in terms of a contract;
- appropriate standards of internal control and warehouse management to ensure that goods placed in stores are secure and only used for the purpose for which they were purchased;
- (f) regular checking to ensure that all assets including official vehicles are properly managed, appropriately maintained and only used for official purposes; and
- (g) monitoring and review of the supply vendor performance to ensure compliance with specifications and contract conditions for particular goods or services.

#### Disposal management

- **40.** (1) The criteria for the disposal or letting of assets, including unserviceable, redundant or obsolete assets, subject to sections 14 and 90 of the Act, are as follows:
  - (i) The asset will be disposed off if it is no longer needed for the provision of minimum level of the basic service,
  - (ii) After the council of the municipality has taken a resolution in a meeting that is open to the public for the disposal of the asset.
  - (2) Assets may be disposed of by -
  - (i) transferring the asset to another organ of state in terms of a provision of the Act enabling the transfer of assets;

- (ii) transferring the asset to another organ of state at market related value or, when appropriate, free of charge;
- (iii) selling the asset; or
- (iv) destroying the asset
- (3) The accounting officer must ensure that –
- (c) immovable property is sold only at market related prices except when the public interest or the plight of the poor demands otherwise;
- (b) movable assets are sold either by way of written price quotations, a competitive bidding process, auction or at market related prices, whichever is the most advantageous;
- (c) firearms are not sold or donated to any person or institution within or outside the Republic unless approved by the National Conventional Arms Control Committee;
- (d) immovable property is let at market related rates except when the public interest or the plight of the poor demands otherwise;
- (e) all fees, charges, rates, tariffs, scales of fees or other charges relating to the letting of immovable property are annually reviewed;
- (f) where assets are traded in for other assets, the highest possible tradein price is negotiated; and
- (g) in the case of the free disposal of computer equipment, the provincial department of education is first approached to indicate within 30 days whether any of the local schools are interested in the equipment.

#### Risk management

- **41.** (1) The criteria for the identification, consideration and avoidance of potential risks in the supply chain management system, are as follows:
- (a) Operationalisation of the different supply chain management committees,
- (b) Proper segregation of duties in the supply chain management unit,
- (c) Focusing on business critical functions by the management,
- (d) Evident risk management programmes

- (2) Risk management must include -
- (a) the identification of risks on a case-by-case basis;
- (b) the allocation of risks to the party best suited to manage such risks;
- (c) acceptance of the cost of the risk where the cost of transferring the risk is greater than that of retaining it;
- (d) the management of risks in a pro-active manner and the provision of adequate cover for residual risks; and
- (e) the assignment of relative risks to the contracting parties through clear and unambiguous contract documentation.

#### Performance management

42. 1)The accounting officer must establish and implement an internal monitoring system in order to determine, on the basis of a retrospective analysis, whether the authorised supply chain management processes were followed and whether the objectives of this Policy were achieved.

## (2) Penalties

- (a) Notwithstanding clause 22 of the General condition of contract,
- (i) A service provider must deliver goods and services within 14 working days after receiving a purchase order, unless otherwise specified, failure to adhere will result in termination of service or agreement.
- (ii) a penalty of 0.1% based on the balance of the contract amount per day must apply for late performance for contracts above R200 000

#### (3) Defaulting service providers

Bidders that fail to perform their duties shall be suspended from the municipality's acquisition system as service provider for a period of 12 months.

(4) Submit to council a quarterly reports on the performance of service providers

#### Part 4: Other matters

## Prohibition on awards to persons whose tax matters are not in order

- **43.** (1) No award above R15 000 may be made in terms of this Policy to a person whose tax matters have not been declared by the South African Revenue Service to be in order.
- (2) Before making an award to a person the accounting officer must first check with SARS whether that person's tax matters are in order.
- (3) If SARS does not respond within 7 days such person's tax matters may for purposes of subparagraph (1) be presumed to be in order.

## Prohibition on awards to persons in the service of the state

- **44.** Irrespective of the procurement process followed, no award may be made to a person in terms of this Policy –
- (a) who is in the service of the state;
- (b) if that person is not a natural person, of which any director, manager, principal shareholder or stakeholder is a person in the service of the state; or
- (c) a person who is an advisor or consultant contracted with the municipality.

## Awards to close family members of persons in the service of the state

- **45.** The accounting officer must ensure that the notes to the annual financial statements disclose particulars of any award of more than R2000 to a person who is a spouse, child or parent of a person in the service of the state, or has been in the service of the state in the previous twelve months, including –
- (a) the name of that person;
- (b) the capacity in which that person is in the service of the state; and
- (c) the amount of the award.

#### **Ethical standards**

- **46.** (1) A code of ethical standards as set out in **[subparagraph (2)** is hereby established for officials and other role players in the supply chain management system of the **municipality** in order to promote –
- (a) mutual trust and respect; and
- (b) an environment where business can be conducted with integrity and in a fair and reasonable manner.
- (2) An official or other role player involved in the implementation of this Policy –
- (a) must treat all providers and potential providers equitably;
- (b) may not use his or her position for private gain or to improperly benefit another person;
- (c) may not accept any reward, gift, favour, hospitality or other benefit directly or indirectly, including to any close family member, partner or associate of that person, of a value more than R350;
- (d) notwithstanding subparagraph (2) (c), must declare to the accounting officer details of any reward, gift, favour, hospitality or other benefit promised, offered or granted to that person or to any close family member, partner or associate of that person;
- (e) must declare to the accounting officer details of any private or business interest which that person, or any close family member, partner or associate, may have in any proposed procurement or disposal process of, or in any award of a contract by, the municipality;
- (f) must immediately withdraw from participating in any manner whatsoever in a procurement or disposal process or in the award of a contract in which that person, or any close family member, partner or associate, has any private or business interest;
- (g) must be scrupulous in his or her use of property belonging to municipality;
- (h) must assist the accounting officer in combating fraud, corruption, favouritism and unfair and irregular practices in the supply chain management system; and

- (i) must report to the accounting officer any alleged irregular conduct in the supply chain management system which that person may become aware of, including –
  - (i) any alleged fraud, corruption, favouritism or unfair conduct;
  - (ii) any alleged contravention of paragraph 47(1) of this Policy; or
  - (iii) any alleged breach of this code of ethical standards.
  - (3) Declarations in terms of subparagraphs (2)(d) and (e) -
- (a) must be recorded in a register which the accounting officer must keep for this purpose;
- (b) by the accounting officer must be made to the mayor of the municipality who must ensure that such declarations are recorded in the register.
- (4) The National Treasury's code of conduct must also be taken into account by supply chain management practitioners and other role players involved in supply chain management.
  - (5) A breach of the code of ethics must be dealt with as follows -
- in the case of an employee, in terms of the disciplinary procedures of the municipality envisaged in section 67(1)(h) of the Municipal Systems Act;
- (b) in the case a role player who is not an employee, through other appropriate means in recognition of the severity of the breach.
- (c) In all cases, financial misconduct must be dealt with in terms of chapter 15 of the Act.

# Inducements, rewards, gifts and favours to [municipalities, officials and other role players

**47.** (1) No person who is a provider or prospective provider of goods or services, or a recipient or prospective recipient of goods disposed or to be disposed of may either directly or through a representative or intermediary promise, offer or grant —

- (a) any inducement or reward to the **municipality** for or in connection with the award of a contract; or
- (b) any reward, gift, favour or hospitality to -
  - (i) any official; or
  - (ii) any other role player involved in the implementation of this Policy.
- (2) The accounting officer must promptly report any alleged contravention of subparagraph (1) to the National Treasury for considering whether the offending person, and any representative or intermediary through which such person is alleged to have acted, should be listed in the National Treasury's database of persons prohibited from doing business with the public sector.
- (3) Subparagraph (1) does not apply to gifts less than R350 in value.

#### **Sponsorships**

- **48.** The accounting officer must promptly disclose to the National Treasury and the relevant provincial treasury any sponsorship promised, offered or granted, whether directly or through a representative or intermediary, by any person who is
  - (a) a provider or prospective provider of goods or services; or
  - (b) a recipient or prospective recipient of goods disposed or to be disposed.

#### Objections and complaints

49. Persons aggrieved by decisions or actions taken in the implementation of this supply chain management system, may lodge within 14 days of the decision or action, a written objection or complaint against the decision or action.

#### Resolution of disputes, objections, complaints and queries

- **50.** (1) The accounting officer must appoint an independent and impartial person, not directly involved in the supply chain management processes –
- to assist in the resolution of disputes between the municipality and other persons regarding -
  - (i) any decisions or actions taken in the implementation of the supply chain management system; or
  - (ii) any matter arising from a contract awarded in the course of the supply chain management system; or
- (b) <u>to deal with objections</u>, <u>complaints</u> or <u>queries regarding</u> any such decisions or actions or any matters arising from such contract.
- (2) The accounting officer, or another official designated by the accounting officer, is responsible for assisting the appointed person to perform his or her functions effectively.
  - (3) The person appointed must -
- (a) strive to resolve promptly all disputes, objections, <u>complaints</u> or queries received; and
- (b) <u>submit monthly reports</u> to the accounting officer <u>on</u> all disputes, objections, <u>complaints</u> or queries received, attended to or resolved.
- (4) A dispute, objection, complaint\_or query\_may <u>be</u> referred to the relevant provincial treasury if —
- (a) the dispute, objection, complaint\_or query is not resolved within\_60 days; or
- (b) no response is forthcoming within 60 days.
  - (5) If the provincial treasury does not or cannot resolve the matter, the dispute, objection, complaint or query may be referred to the National Treasury for resolution.

(6) This paragraph must not be read as affecting a person's rights to approach a court at any time.

#### Contracts providing for compensation based on turnover

- **51.** If a service provider acts on behalf of a **municipality** to provide any service or act as a collector of fees, service charges or taxes and the compensation payable to the service provider is fixed as an agreed percentage of turnover for the service or the amount collected, the contract between the service provider and the **municipality** must stipulate —
- (a) a cap on the compensation payable to the service provider; and
- (e) that such compensation must be performance based.
- **52.** If the contractor is not from the local then awarded a tender that is estimated to exceed **R3 000 000, 00,** then tender shall contain a clause for subcontracting to local SMMEs of fifteen percent (15%) of the original project's value depending on the nature and scope of the project.

#### **REVIEW**

53. This Policy will be reviewed Annually.

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## FETAKGOMO – TUBATSE LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

### **COST CONTAINMENT POLICY**

# FETAKGOMO TUBATSE LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

LIM 476



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#### 1. DEFINITIONS

"Act" Means the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (Act No. 56 of 2003).

"Consultant" means a professional person, individual, partnership, corporation, or a company appointed to provide technical and specialist advice or to assist with a design and implementation of projects or to assist a municipality or municipal entity perform its functions to achieve the objects of local government in terms of section 152 of the Constitution;

"Cost containment" means measures implemented to curtail spending in terms of these regulations; and

"Credit card" means a card issued by a financial service provider, which creates a revolving account and grants a line of credit to the cardholder.

#### 2. INTRODUCTION

Each municipality and municipal entity must revise or develop and implement a cost containment policy which must-

- in the case of a municipality, be adopted by the municipal council, and in the case of a municipal entity, by the board of directors as part of its budget related policies; and
- be consistent with the Act and these Regulations.
   The cost containment policy of a municipality contemplated in sub-regulation
- Must be in writing
- Give effect to these regulations
- Be reviewed annually, as may be appropriate
- Be communicated on the municipality's website and
- Set out Measures for ensuring implementation of the policy
- Procedures for the annual review of the policy and
- Consequences for non-adherence to the measures contained therein.



#### 3. OBJECTIVES OF POLICY

The objectives of the policy are to ensure that resources of the municipality are used effectively, efficient and economically by implementing cost containment measures.

#### 4. LEGISLATIVE

The legislative framework governing cost containment are:

Local Government Municipal Finance Management Act, Act 56 of 2003 section 62(1) a, 78 (1) b, 95(a) and 105(1) (b).

Municipal Cost Containment Regulations

#### 5. USE OF CONSULTANTS

A municipality may only appoint consultants if an assessment of the needs and requirements confirms that the affected municipality does not have the requisite skills or resources in its full time employ to perform the function.

An accounting officer must adopt a fair and reasonable remuneration framework for consultants taking into account the rates-

Determined in the "Guidelines on fees for audits undertaken on behalf of the Auditor general of South Africa, issued by the South African institute of chartered accountant.

Set out in the "Guide on Hourly fee rates for consultant" issued by the Department of public service and Administration.

As prescribed by the body regulating the profession of the consultants.

The tender documentation for the appointment of consultants must include a clause that the remuneration rate will be subject to negotiation, not exceeding the applicable rates mentioned in sub-regulation (2)

When negotiating cost-effective consultancy rates for international consultants, the accounting officer may take into account the relevant international and market-determined rates.

When consultant are appointed, an accounting officer-

Appoint consultants on a time and cost basis with specific start and end dates;



Where practical, appoint consultants on an output-specified basis, subject to a clear specification of deliverables and associated remuneration;

Ensure that contract with consultants include overall cost ceilings by specifying whether the contract price is inclusive or exclusive of travel and subsistence disbursements;

Develop consultancy reduction plans; and

Undertake all engagement of consultants in accordance with the municipal supply chain management regulations and the municipality's supply chain management policy.

All contracts with consultants must include fee retention or penalty clause for poor performance.

A municipality must ensure that the specifications and performance are used as a monitoring tool for the work to be undertaken and is appropriately recorded and monitored.

The travel and subsistence costs of consultants must be in accordance with the travel policy issued by the national department of transport, as updated from time to time.

The contract price must specify all travel and subsistence cost and, if the travel and subsistence costs for appointed consultants are excluded from the contract price, such costs must be reimbursed in accordance with the abovementioned travel policy of the national department of transport.

#### 6. VEHICLE USED FOR POLITICAL OFFICE - BEARERS

The threshold limit for the vehicle purchases relating to official use by political office-bearers may not exceed R700 000 or 70% of the total annual remuneration package for different grades, whichever is greater.

The procurement of vehicles must be undertaken using the national government transversal contract mechanism.

If any other procurement process is used, the cost may not exceed the threshold set out in sub-regulation (1)

Before deciding on another procurement process as contemplated in subregulation(3), the chief financial officer must provide the council with information relating to the following criteria which must be considered;

Status of current vehicles



- Affordability
- Extent of service delivery backlogs
- Terrain for effective usage of vehicles; and
- Any other policy of council

Regardless of their usage, vehicles for official use by public office bearers may only be replaced after completion of 120 000 kilometres.

Notwithstanding sub-regulation(5), a municipality may replace vehicles for official use by public office bearers before completion of one hundred and twenty thousand kilometres only in instances where the vehicle experiences serious mechanical problem and is in a poor condition, and subject to obtaining a detailed mechanical report by the vehicle manufacturer or approved dealer.

#### 7. TRAVEL AND SUBSISTENCE

An accounting officer-

May only approve purchase of economy class tickets for official where the flying time for the flights is five hours or less; and

For flights is five exceeding five hours may purchase business class tickets only for accounting officer, and persons reporting directly to accounting officers.

Notwithstanding sub-regulation (1), an accounting officer may approve the purchase of business class tickets for officials with disabilities.

The cost containment policy must limit international travel to meetings or events that are considered critical. The number of officials attending such meetings or events must be limited to those officials directly involved in the subjects matter related to such meetings or events.

An accounting officer may approve accommodation costs that exceed an amount as determined from time to time by the national treasury only-

During peak holiday periods; or

When major local or international events are hosted in a particular geographical area that results in an abnormal increase in the number of local and international guests in that particular geographical area.

Officials of a municipality must-

Utilise the municipal fleet, where viable, before incurring costs to hire vehicles;

Make use of shuttle service if the cost of such a service is lower than-

The cost of hiring a vehicle;



The cost of kilometres claimable by the employee; and The cost of parking.

Not hire vehicles from a category higher than group B or an equivalent class; and Where a different class of vehicle is required for a particular terrain or to cater for the special needs of an official, seek the written approval of the accounting officer before hiring the vehicle.

Municipalities must utilise the negotiated rates for flights and accommodation, communicated by the national Treasury, from time to time, or any other available cheaper flight and accommodation.

#### 8. DOMESTIC ACCOMMODATION

An accounting officer must ensure that costs incurred for domestic accommodation and meals are in accordance with the maximum allowable rates for domestic accommodation and meals, as communicated by the national treasury, from time to time.

#### 9. CREDIT CARDS

An accounting officer must ensure that no credit card or debit card linked to a bank account of a municipality is issued to any official or public office bearer, including members of the board of directors of municipal entities.

Where officials or public office bearers incur expenditure in relation to official municipal activities, such officials bearers must use their personal credit cards or cash arrangements made by the municipality, and request reimbursement from the municipality in accordance with the relevant municipality's policy and processes.

#### 10. SPONSORSHIPS, EVENTS AND CATERING

A Municipality may not incur catering expenses for meetings which are only attended by persons in the employ of the municipality, unless the prior written approval of the accounting officer is obtained.

An accounting officer may incur catering expenses for hosting of meetings, conferences, workshops, courses, forums, recruitment interviews, and proceedings of council that exceed five hours.



Entertainment allowances of officials may not exceed two thousand rand per person per financial year, unless approved otherwise by the accounting officer.

An Accounting officer may not incur expenses on alcoholic beverages.

An Accounting officer must ensure that social functions, team building exercises, year-end functions, sporting events, budget vote dinners and other functions that have a social element are not financed from the municipality's budget or by any suppliers or sponsors.

A municipality may not incur expenditure on corporate branded items like clothing or goods for personal use of officials, other than uniforms, office supplies and tools of trade, unless costs related thereto are recovered from affected officials.

An Accounting officer may incur expenditure to host farewell functions in recognition of officials who retire after serving the municipality for ten or more years or retire on grounds of ill health, not exceeding the limits for petty cash usage.

#### 11. COMMUNICATIONS

A municipality must, as far as possible, advertise municipal related events on its website instead of advertising in magazines or newspapers.

An accounting officer must ensure that allowances to officials for private calls are limited to an amount as determined by the accounting officer in the cost containment policy of the municipality

Newspapers and other related publication for the use of officials must be discontinued on expiry of existing contracts or supply orders.

A municipality must participate in the transversal term contract arranged by the National Treasury for the acquisition of mobile communication services.

#### 12. CONFERENCES, MEETING AND STUDY TOURS

An accounting officer must establish policies and procedures to manage application by officials to attend conferences or events hosted by professional bodies or non-governmental institutions held within and outside the borders of South Africa taking into account their merits and benefits, costs and available alternatives.



An accounting officer may consider appropriate benchmark costs with other professional bodies or regulatory prior to granting approval for an official to attend a conference or event within and outside the borders of South Africa.

Such benchmark may not exceed an amount as determined by the national treasury.

When considering applications from officials to attend conference within or outside the borders of South Africa, an accounting officer must take the following into account-

The official s role and responsibility and the anticipated benefits of the conference or event;

Whether the conference or event addresses relevant concerns of the institution;
The appropriate number of officials, not exceeding three officials, attending the conference or even; and

Availability of funds to meet expenses related to the conference or event.

The amount referred to in sub-regulation (3) above excludes costs related to travel, accommodation and related expenses; and

Conference or event registration expenses; and

Any other expense incurred in relation to the conference or event.

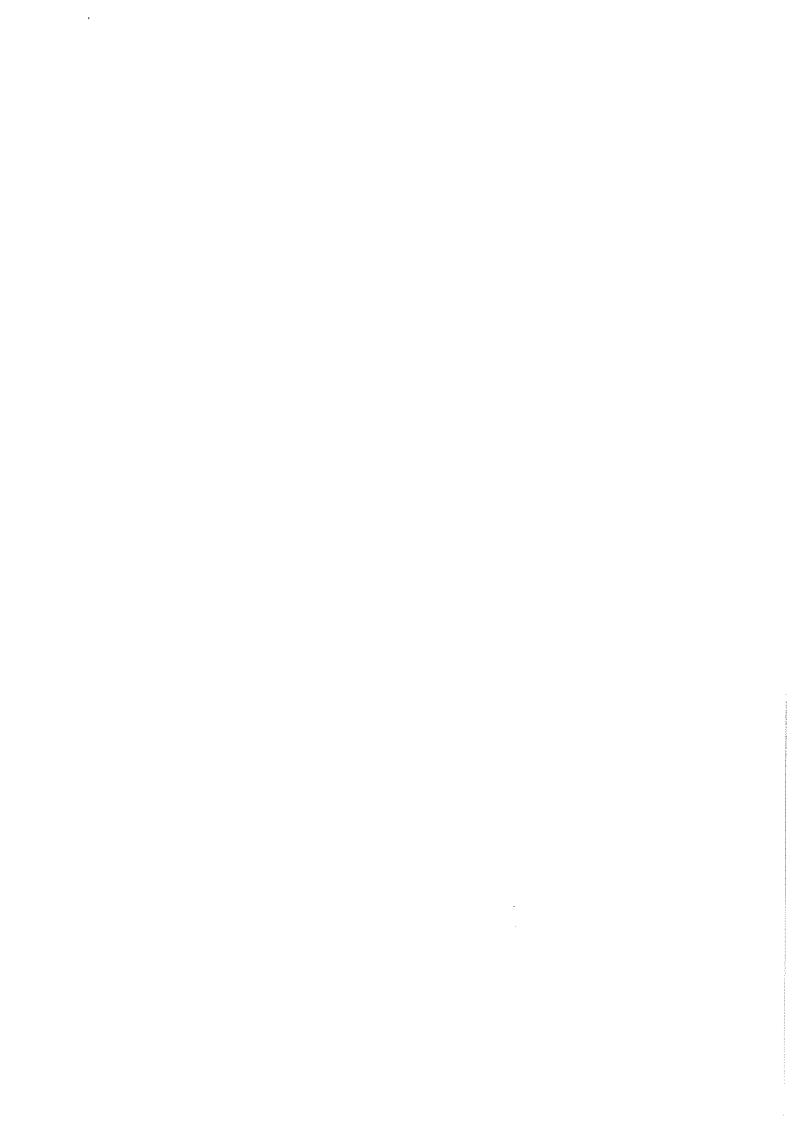
When considering costs for conferences or events these may not include items, such as laptops, tablets and other similar tokens that are built into the price of such conference or events.

The accounting officer of a municipality must ensure that meetings and planning sessions that entail use of municipal funds are, as far as may be practically possible, held in-house.

Municipal or provincial office facilities must be utilised for conference, meeting, strategic planning, inter alia, where an appropriate venue exists within the municipal jurisdiction

An accounting officer may consider granting approval, as contemplated in subregulation (4) for officials, and in the case of councillors, the mayor

A municipality, where applicable, taken advantage of early registration discounts by granting the required approvals to attend the conference, event or study tour, in advance.



#### 13. OTHER RELATED EXPENDITURE ITEMS

All commodities, services and products covered by a transversal contract concluded by the national treasury must be produced through that transversal contract before approaching the market, to benefit from savings where lower prices or rates have been negotiated.

Municipal resources may not be used to fund elections, campaign activities, including the provision of food, clothing and other inducements as part of, or during election periods.

#### 14. ENFORCEMENT PROCEDURES

Failure to implement or comply with these policy may results in any official of the municipality, political office bearer or director of the board that authorised or incurred any expenditure contrary to these regulations being held liable for financial misconduct as set out in Chapter 15 of the Act read with the municipal regulations on financial misconduct procedures and criminal proceedings.

#### 15. DISCLOSURE OF COST CONTAINMENT MEASURE

The disclosure of cost containment measures applied by the municipality must be included in the municipal in-year budget reports and annual costs savings disclosed in the annual report.

The measures implemented and aggregate amounts saved per quarter, together with the regular reports on reprioritisation of cost savings, on the implementation of the cost containment measures must be submitted to the municipal council for review and resolution. The municipality can refer such reports to an appropriate council committee for further recommendations and actions.

Such reports must be copied to the national treasury and relevant provincial treasuries within seven calendar days after the report is submitted to municipal council.

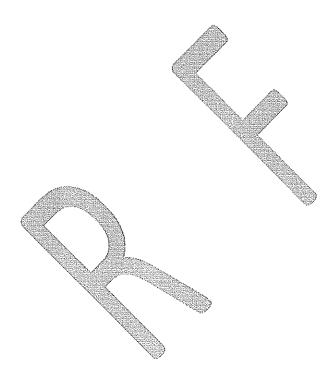
#### 16. IMPLEMENTATION AND REVIEW OF THIS POLICY

•		

- 16.1. This policy shall be implemented once approved by Council.
- 16.2. In terms of section 17 (1) (e) of the MFMA this policy must be reviewed on annual basis and the reviewed policy tabled to Council for approval as part of the budget process.

#### 17. SHORT TITLE AND COMMENCEMENT

These policy is called the Municipal cost containment policy 2018 and take effect on 01 July 2018.







# FETAKGOMO – TUBATSE LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

# DRAFT TARIFFS 2018/2019 FETAKGOMO TUBATSE LOCAL MUNICIPALITY LIM 476



DRAFT TARIFFS FOR 2018/2019

	***************************************	בו ואצון	1 ANILLS LON 20 10/20 13	9/2013			
ASSESSMENTRATES			2015/16 c/R	2016/17 c/R	2017/18 c/R	2018/19 c/R	2019/20 c/R
Burgersfort Steelpoort Ohrigstad Fetakgomo Ga-Mapodile Tubatse Mecklenburg	BURGERSFORT, STEELPOORT, OHRIGSTAD, APEL, GA- MAPODILE, TUBATSE AND MECKLENBURG				7 0000000000000000000000000000000000000		
Residential Stands			c/R	c/R			
Residential 1				0.0093	0.0099	0.00891	0.0094446
Indigent family & child headed family (If qualify in terms of Rates Pol	qualify in terms of Rates Policy	lcy a rebate of)		100%	100%	100%	100%
Pensioners (If qualify in terms of the Rates Policy a rebate of)	es Policy a rebate of)			40%	40%	40%	40%
Residential 2	777410000411111111111111111111111111111	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O		0.0093	0.0099	0.010494	0.0111
Residential 3	***************************************			0.0093	0.0099	0.010494	0.0111
Developers							
Developers (Remaining portion of the farm.) (Residential Tariff Less		Discount of)		20%	20%	70%	20%
Agricultural			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
Agricultural (Farming)				0.0240	0.00247	0.0022	0.0024
Agricultural (Business portion)				0.0185	0.0196	0.0208	0.0220
Farms with mining 1				0.0372	0.0394	0.0418	0.0443
Business Stands	***************************************					-	
Businesses, as well as Guest Houses in Urban areas with services	Urban areas with services			0.0185	0.0196	0.0176	0.0187
Business included Guest Houses without Services. (Business fariff less Discount of)				30%	30%	30%	30%
Businesses /Industrial				0.0185	0.0196	0.0208	0.0220
		THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN NAM					
MIRANG				0.0372	0.0394	0.0418	0.0443
Illegal Usage			THE STATE OF THE S	0.0372	0.0394	0.0418	0.0443
Municipal Properties			***************************************	Exempted	Exempted	Exempted	Exempted
Public Infrastructure (PSI)				Exempted	Exempted	Exempted	Exempted
Public Benefit organizations(as defined in the rates policy)	d in the rates policy)			Exempted	Exempted	Exempted	Exempted
Public Worship (Churches)				Exempted	Exempted	Exempted	Exempted
Government Properties						The state of the s	
Government:Farms				0.0240	0.0254	0.0270	0.0286
Government : Farms With Mining 1			Value	0.0372	0.0394	0.0418	0.0443
Government: Residential				0.0093	6600.0	0.0104	0.0111
Government: Public Institutions				0.0185	0.0196	0.0208	0.0220
Public health Care Institution (as defined in policy a rebate of)	defined in policy a rebate of)			20%	20%	20%	20%

***************************************				7000	,,,,,,	2001	/907
Independent Schools (as defined in policy a rebate of)	in policy a rebate of)			%0c	50%	20%	8000
200000000000000000000000000000000000000	Issue of Memorandum to Atto	Issue of Memorandum to Attorneys for Transport of Properties		R 33.04	R 35.02	37.12	39.35
	Issue of Clearance Certificate			R 132.18	R 140.11		157.43
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	Issue Of Valuation Certificate				R 140.11		157.43
	Issue of Valuation Roll			R 826.11	R 875.68		983.91
	Non Refundable Tender Depo	posit 80/20 principle			R 300.00		337.08
	Non Refundable Tender Deposit 90/10 principle	sit 90/10 principle				530.00	561.80
Interest of prime plus 1% on outstanding amounts more than 30 days	mounts more than 30 days						
All tariffs are VAT exclusive							
BULK CONTIBUTIONS			2015/16 c/R	2016/17 c/R	2017/18 c/R	2018/19 c/R	2019/20 c/R
Bulk Contribution per unit	Roads & Streetlights		Library and the state of the st	Calculate by Tech	Calculate by Tech	Calculate by Tech	Calculate by Tech
(Residential)							
Bulk Contribution per unit	Roads & Streetlights			Calculate by Tech	Calculate by Tech	Calculate by Tech	Calculate by Tech
(Business)							
Interest of prime plus 1% on outstanding amounts more than 30 days	amounts more than 30 days			Prime plus 1%	Prime plus 1%	Prime plus 1%	Prime plus 1%
All tariffs are VAT exclusive							
REFUSE			2015/16 c/R	2016/17 c/R	2017/18 c/R	2018/19 c/R	2019/20 c/R
en e				in the second se			
	Income per Household less						
Indigent people	amended by policy		Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
Residential one stands			*	-	L.	1	-
From 1July 2012	Valuation (R1 -50000)	According to valuation		Free	Free	Free	Free
Only on improved stands	Valuation (R51,000 - 500,000)	(R/C/U/Month)			R 141.09	æ	œ
PANO DEPENDENT TOTAL TOT	Valuation (R500,001 -1,000,0	(000)		R 199.65			
	Valuation (R1,000,000 and m	more)		R 266,20	ж	×	~
Residential 2 & 3 Stands	Per unit			R 133.10	R	æ	R 158.52
	000 630) 000 6						The state of the s
From 1 July 2012 per unit	valuation (Kort,000 - 500,000)	According to valuation		R 133.10	R 141.09	R 149.55	R 158.52
	Valuation (R500,001 - 1,000,000)	(R/C/U/Month)		R 199.65	R 211.63	R 224.33	R 237.79
	Valuation (R1,000,000 and m	more)		R 266.20	R 282.17	~	R 317.05
			**************************************				
Block of flats	Per 100sqm or part thereof of the floor area	From July 2013		R 121.00	R 128.26	R 135.96	R 144.11
***************************************		and the delimental state of the					
BUSINESS HOTELS AND INDUSTRIES							
From 1 July 2012	Per sqm of building	Persqm		R 2.66	R 2.82	R 2.99	R 3.17
		of buliding					22.000
From 1 July 2013	Up to 300sqm or part thereof of the floorarea of building	of the floorarea of building		R 544.50   R	R 5//.1/ R	K PITSU	×

TATAL THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP	Thereafter her 100som or nart thereof	d thereof		23.53	q		_	ſ:
					-	1 K 155.30	ĸ	1
Containers	Removal once Per Container	Per Container		7 40£ 23	00 985 1	0 10011	-	
Ext the removal of refuse where	Democrat History					4	1	3
o the delivery of release which a	Demonstrate week			K 2,992,43	-	22.	œ.	3
	Nemoval under unles a week				۲	×	~	
supplied for use by a specific premises	Kemoval five times per week			R 7,481.09	R 7,929.96	8,405.75	R 8,910.10	뭐
per container per removal								
Ordinary Refuse (Own delivery)	per light delivery van or trailer load exceeding one ton	ller load exceeding one ton		R 125.00	R 132.50	1 R 140.45 R	R 148.88	88
Disposal at Landfil site	per load not exceeding three ton	e ton		R 225.00		8		89
	per load not exceeding six	per load not exceeding six ton but exceeding three ton				R 640.45 B	***************************************	×
, T = 0.00 ( ) = 0.00 ( )	per load not exceeding ten ton but exceeding six ton	ton but exceeding six ton		R 780.00	ac	8		g
	ber load exceeding ten ton				-			
Other Disposal at landfill site	6				<u> </u>			<u> </u>
	per load			00 096	02 100	-		1
	paci rad			200.00	< 6	۵ د	، ح	1
B. 10.00	200							×
KUDDIE				Free	Free	Free	Free	
State supported schools, technicons								Г
colleges and universities	0 to 1000 sqm	Per bin		R 123.22	R 130.61	R 138.45	R 14676	14
	1001 and more per							Τ
	additional 1000sqm	Per bin		R 176.03	R 186.59	R 197.79	R 209.65	- 53
	From 1 July 2013	Per 1 cubic metre		R 302.50	R	R	~	28
								Τ
Churches	Fixed charge			R 264.04	R 279.88	R 296.68	R 314.48	4
Cleaning of	Per square meter for cutting	or cleaning of rubbish only	e de la companya de l	R 4,83	R 5.12	R 5.43	æ	7.75
Vacant Stands or sidewalks		no the cuttings or rubbish		1 94	-	0	: 0	1
Purchase of Refuse Rin				of 500 4 00/			٤	7
				COST DIGS 1076				Т
Removing non-perishable refuse	Der removal	Dar ramovol		30 003	00 100			Ţ
0				Cercer	4		۷	ş
	Calf Cat Shaan Eggl Goot	***************************************		Υ.				Т
Carcass Remova!	mb.Pig or boultry	3362162 146		0 02	0.4 65	2	-	-
	Any other animal	Dor coroses		0 450 750			` ا	1 8
	Monday of the second	2000			-	٠,	٠,	3
	Maximum charge per removal				×	۳ ا	az	5
Developers Contribution	New developments and subdi	Ji Per stand		R 665.50	R 705.43	R 747.76	R 792.62	હ
								7
Interest on outstanding amounts more than 30 days	n 30 days			Prime plus 1%	Prime plus 1%	Prime plus 1%	Prime plus 1%	,
All tariffs are VAT exclusive								
			2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	
CEMETRIES			c/R	c/R	c/R	c/R	c/R	
Ohrigstad(Residents)				R 745.47	R 790.20	R 837.61	R 887.87	6
Ohrigstad( Non -Residents)				1.064.96	R 1.128.86	R	4	×
THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O			And the second s					1
Burgersfort(Residents)				R 745.47	R 790.20 R	R 837.61	R 887.87	16
Runarefort( Non-Residents)				*				T :
					T T,120.00 R	K 1,136.39	K 1,258.38	ŝ
								٦

R         790.45         R         837.57         R           R         564.43         R         536.29         R           R         564.43         R         538.29         R           R         790.16         R         837.57         R           R         790.16         R         837.57         R           R         792.36         R         537.50         R           R         246.30         R         247.50         R           R         246.30         R         257.12         R           R         64.13         R         56.52         R           R         51.31         R         257.45         R           R         51.31         R         257.45         R           R         64.13         R         56.50         R         56.50         R           R         525.90         R         557.45         R         R         707.9         R           R         525.90         R         525.45         R         40.79         R           R         520.00         R         520.00         R         520.00         R					O7 CC3			00 003		01.000
metre cultural and sporting organis	Ca-Mapoquie(Residents)					0		730.63		007.97
metre cultural and sporting organis	ca-wapodile(Not-Kesidenis)					c		70.700		70.
metre CAR CAR metre metr	Praktiseer(Residents)					æ		598.29		634.19
metre Cultural and sporting organis	Praktiseer( Non -Residents)					oc.	90.16 R	837.57		887.82
metre cultural and sporting organis										
Scholars   Cother   Household   Institutional   Institutional   Institutional   Institutional   Per aguare metre   Per aguare   Per aguare metre   P	Residents of Steelpoort if buried in any of the	e other cemetries will be treaded as	residents							
Scholare   Scholare   Culture	All tariffs are VAT exclusive									
Scholers Students Cuther Household Institutional Renewal of membership Renewal of membership Per square metre  Per square metre  Per square metre private individuals private individuals private individuals churches, NPOs, political organisations, unions, clubs and other cultural and sporting organis	LIBRARIES			2015/16 c/R	2016/17 c/R	2017/18 c/R		2018/19 c/R	2019/20 c/R	02
Students	Membership Fees per year	Scholars				œ		97.90		103.77
Other   Household		Students				α.	•	152.29		161.43
Household		Other				æ		261.08		276.74
Institutional		Household				œ		257.12	~	272.55
School kids school kids Per square metre Per square metre private individuals private individuals day use churches, NPOs, political organisations, unions, clubs and other cultural and sporting organis		Institutional				œ		296.68	R	314.48
School kids  School kids  Per square metre  Agy use  private individuals  Agy use  private individuals  Agy use  churches, NPOs, political organisations, unions, clubs and other cultural and sporting organisations.	The state of the s									
school kids  Per square metre  private individuals day use  private individuals day & night use  churches, NPOs, political organisations, unions, clubs and other cultural and sporting organis	Renewal of Membership	Renewal of membership				R		54.39	۳	57.66
school kids  Per square metre  private individuals  private individuals  privates, NPOs, political organisations, unions, clubs and other cultural and sporting organis	The same of the sa		The second secon							
Per square metre  private individuals day use  private individuals day use  churches, NPOs, political organisations, unions, clubs and other cultural and sporting organis	Photocopies (per page - all sizes)						_	6.52	æ	6.91
Per square metre private individuals day use private individuals day use churches, NPOs, political organisations, unions, clubs and other cultural and sporting organis	Photocopies (per page - all sizes)	school kids	MANAGEMENT			_,		1.69	oc.	1.79
Per square metre  private individuals  day use  private individuals  day & night use  churches, NPOs, political organisations, unions, clubs and other cultural and sporting organis		Anna de la companya d								
Per square metre private individuals day use private individuals day use churches, NPOs, political organisations, unions, clubs and other cultural and sporting organis	RENT/HIRE OF MUNICIPAL PROPERTIES	10					1			
Per square metre Per square metre Per square metre Per square metre private individuals day use private individuals day use churches, NPOs, political organisations, unions, clubs and other cultural and sporting organis	4 Can Manadilla Cantra									
Per square metre Per square metre Per square metre Per square metre private individuals day use private individuals day & night use churches, NPOs, political organisations, unions, clubs and other cultural and sporting organis	Doğumlarının Octobile					CC.	1_	796.36		844.14
Per square metre Per square metre Per square metre private individuals day use private individuals day & night use churches, NPOs, political organisations, unions, clubs and other cultural and sporting organis	Doole on on one or other	ò	or exilore metre			α	_	67.98		72.06
Per square metre  Per square metre  Per square metre  private individuals day use private individuals day & right use churches, NPOs, political organisations, unions, clubs and other cultural and sporting organis	A Tribute Deliferon office		מ אלחשוב זוובחם			4	-			
Per square metre Per square metre Per square metre private individuals day use private individuals day & night use churches, NPOs, political organisations, unions, clubs and other cultural and sporting organis	Refundable Denocit					8		398.18		422.07
Per square metre  Per square metre  private individuals day use private individuals day & night use churches, NPOs, political organisations, unions, clubs and other cultural and sporting organis	Rental per square meter	ď	er square metre			R	<u> </u>	40.79		43.23
Per square metre  Per square metre  private individuals day use private individuals day & right use churches, NPOs, political organisations, unions, clubs and other cultural and sporting organis	3.Council Old Chamber									
Per square metre  Per square metre  private individuals day use day use private individuals day & right use churches, NPOs, political organisations, unions, clubs and other cultural and sporting organisations.	Refundable Deposit				7	R		557.45	œ	590.90
perter private individuals day use metre private individuals day & night use churches, NPOs, political organisations, unions, clubs and other cultural and sporting organisations.	Rental per square meter	<u>P</u>	er square metre			α		40.79		43.24
ng Service Center Per square metre  private individuals day use private individuals day & night use churches, NPOs, political organisations, unions, clubs and other cultural and sporting organisal	4. Hiring of council facilities						-			
private individuals         day use         310,00         339,20         R         359,55           private individuals         cay & night use         acy & night use         230         415,732         415,732           unity halls         churches, NPOs, pollitical organisations, unions, clubs and other cultural and sportfing organisations         R         210         22,60         R         415,732           unity halls         m         R         610,00         R<	Fetakgomo Thusong Service Center	ď	er square metre		10% increment per annur	n 10% increment per	annum 109	6 increment per annur	10% increm	ent per
private individuals         day & right use         350         392.2         415.732           churches, NPOs, pollitical organisations, uniors, clubs and other cultural and sporting organisations         R         210         210         22.6         415.732           all         R         R         610.00         R         610.00         R         610.00         R         610.00           all         R         250.00         R         320.00         R         320.00         R         250.00         R         250.00           all         R         110.00         R         110.00         R         110.00         R         110.00         R         250.00	community halls		ay use		310.00	:		359.55		381.13
unity helis         churches, NPOs, political organisations, unions, clubs and other cultural and sporting organisations.         210         210         2210         222.60           all         R         610.00         R         610.00         R         610.00         R         610.00         R         250.00         R         110.00         R         110.00         R         110.00         R         110.00         R         110.00         R         110.00         R         130.00         R         260.00         R         260.00 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>ay &amp; night use</td> <td></td> <td>380</td> <td></td> <td>392.2</td> <td>415.732</td> <td></td> <td>440.68</td>			ay & night use		380		392.2	415.732		440.68
unity halls         210         210         221.60           unity halls         R         610.00         R         750.00		churches, NPOs, political organi	sations, unions, clubs and othe	r cultural and sporting organ	sations					
all         R         610,00         R         610,00         R         610,00         R         610,00         R         610,00         R         610,00         R         7	Deposit for community halls						210 222		235.96	
ail         R         320.00         R         320.00         R           R         250.00         R         250.00         R           R         110.00         R         920.00         R           R         130.00         R         920.00         R           R         130.00         R         130.00         R           m         R         160.00         R         160.00         R	Civic Hall					œ		610.00	R.	646.60
R         250,00         R         250,00         R           In the control of the co	Deposit for civic Hall					œ		320.00		339.20
Lange         R         110,00         R         110,00         R           Last Line         R         920,00         R         920,00         R           Last Line         R         130,00         R         130,00         R           Last Line         R         260,00         R         260,00         R           m         R         160,00         R         160,00         R	Recreational Park					œ		250.00		265.00
R         920,00         R         920,00         R         920,00         R         920,00         R         920,00         R         920,00         R         130,00         R         130,00         R         130,00         R         130,00         R         260,00         R         260,00         R         260,00         R         160,00         R<	Sports Ground					æ		110.00		116.60
R   130.00 R   130.0	Grader					~		920.00	<b>cc</b>	975.20
R 260.00 R 260.00 R 260.00 R 260.00 R 260.00 R 260.00	Sale of Dustbin					æ		130.00	œ	137.80
R 160.00 R 160.00 R 160.00	Sale of Wheelie Dustbin					œ	80.00 R	260.00	æ	275.60
	Hiring of boardroom					α		160.00	~	169.60

				2000			
Traffic escort				R 500.00	R 500.00		
Lose of Docket				R 120.00	R 120.00		R 127.20
Hawker Demit					R.	R 137.80 R	R 146.07
All fariffs are VAT exclusive							
			2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
BUILDING PLAN FEES			c/R	c/R	c/R	c/R	c/R
New buildings:- a) up to 150m2 (per square meter)	ster)	Management of the latest of th	R4.41 /m²	R4.41 /m²	R4.67 /m²	R4.95 /m²	R5.24 /m²
New buildings:-b) on balance above 150rn²			Straight	Straight	Straight	Straight	Straight
Minimum payable			R 288.04	R 288.04	R 305.32	R 323.64	R 343.06
Additions to existing buildings			Same as nr1	Same as nr1	Same as nr1	Same as nr2	Same as nr3
Alterations to or inside existing building per square meter)	Jare meter)		R4.41/m²	R4,41/m²	R4.67/m²	R4.95/m131	R5.24/m132
Winimum payable	The state of the s	-	R 288.04	R 288.04	R 305.32	R 323.64	
Amended plans/Redesign/new proposal (after submission)	submission)		R4.41/m²	R4.41/m²	R4.67/m²	R4.95/m131	R5.24/m1
Minimum payable	With the same of t	4	R 288.04	R 288.04	œ	R 323.64	R 343.06
Engineers design/Concrete stabs/structures/Timber structures(per square	mber structures(per square meter)		R2-70/m²	R2-70/m²	R2-86/m²	R3.03/m131	R3.21/m132
Minimum payable	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR		R 285.32	R 285.32	œ	R 323.64	R 343.06
Engineers design/Steel structures(per square meter)	neter)		R2-70/m²	R2-70/m²	R2-86/m²	R3.03/m131	R3.21/m132
Minimum payable			R 288.04	R 288.04	R 305.32	R 323.64	œ
Sewade/drainage planfoer source meter)	***************************************		R2-57/m²	R2-57/m²	R2-72/m²	R2-88/m131	R3.05/m132
Minimum payable	The second secon		R 288.19	R 288.19	Я	R 323.64	R 343.06
Renewal of plans within one vaer after lapsing (approval of plans lapses 12	approval of plans lapses 12 months after approval)	approval)	50% of	50% of	50% of	50% of	50% of
			calchiated feet	Calculated rees.	Calculated Iees.	המוכשומום ופכט.	D 474 53
Minimum payable			70.44		3- 70007	3- 10001	4000
Renewal of plans within two yaers after lapsing (approval of plans lapses 12	(approval of plans lapses 12 months after approval)	approval)	100% of calculated fees	100% of calculated fees	100% of calculated fe	100% or calculated fe	salculate
Minimum payable			R 288.04	R 288.04	œ	R 323.64	R 343.06
Preliminary Sketch plans			50% of calculated fees.	50% of calculated fees.	50% of calculated fees.	50% of calculated fees.	50% of calculated fees.
Minimum payable			R 144.02	R 144.02	ч	R 161.81	_
5 Government plans (Not to be approved/disapproved) only for information	roved) only for information		zero	zero	zero	zero	zero
Minimum payable			zero	zero	zero	zero	zero
Local Athority plans. To be approved/disapproved as all other plans	ved as all other plans		zero	zero	zero	zero	zero
Minimum payable	- Charles		zero	zero	zero	zero	zero
Low Cost housing plans. To be approved/disapproved as all other plans(per	proved as all other plans (per square meter)	er)	R4.02/m²	R4.02/m²	R4.26/m²	R4.52/m1	R4.79/r
Minimum payable			R 288.04	R 288.04	R 303.32	R 321.51	<u>~</u>
Application to commence construction of building prior to approval of plans	ng prior to approval of plans (section 7(6) of NBR	of NBR	R5.72/m²	R5.72/m²	R6.06/m²	R6.42/m1	R6.81/r
Minimum payable	A management		R 640.09	R 640.09	R 678.50	R 719.21	<u>~</u>
Application for consent to occupy before occupation certificate is issued. (Section 14[1A]	ation certificate is issued. (Section 14[1A]		R2-93/m²	R2-93/m²	R3,11/m²	R3.30/m131	R3.49/r
Minimum payable			R 640.09	R 640.09	R 678.50	R 719.21	R 762.36
Demolition Permit	College of		840.00	840 09	R 678 50	R 719.21	R 762.36
	rer application					ά α	2 02
Swimming pool	rer gem		320.03	٠.	٠ ٥	1	۵ ک
Minor building works (Section 13 of NBR)	Ter rem				٥	<u> </u>	<u>΄</u> α
Reroofing.	Per application		320.03	020.000	٠. د		10
				•	6		)

•								
2	installation of Masts:-	Ground based	Per appilication				i	
			i de de constante	1,040.15	1.040.16 R	1 102 57	7 700 10	
		Koof top based		0,000		10.20	1,100.72	7,238.85
4	Inetallation of Manter.			7,040.16 R	7.040,16 R	1 100 57	4 450 40	
-	moderation of Masts	Ground based		0		10.30=1	1,100.72	R 1,238.85
		Danks - 1 - 1		1,040.15	1,040,16 R	1.102 57	R 1 168 70	7 000 0
		Cool top based		0,000		(O:::O::/w	1,100.14	00,002,1
5	Freestanding walls houndang			01,040,10	7,040.16 R	1,107 57	1 180 75	0000
	y isolition were well and the second of the		Perapolication	10000		Citoria	1,100.72	7 1,438.85
	Occupation certificate			320.025	320,05   8	30 055	19 03C	47.22
				40000		7,000	19.800	201.18
φ	Building plans submitted in informal cottlemant	-4-		70.02	T 128.02   R	135.70	A 413 84	170 41
	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	SILIS		2000	-	21122	10.01	74.201
	Sidewalk deposit/Guarantee	Description of the second		7 7 7 7 K	X 288.04 R	305.32	323 E4	۵
		Developed SideWalks		D126 K1/m2			40.020	1
1		and an acceptance in the second		11/10/04:11	E/10.07 X	R134.10/m²	R142 15/m131	D450 671-100
			ver square meter)	205 17/m2	0.000			751111111111111111111111111111111111111
		-	744		C80.17/1	K100.88/m²	R106.93/m131	R113 34/m132
						744		701111111111111111111111111111111111111

Way leave application (a determine where the fices are located or a sperimen exervices are to be it intervener status  Appeal fees  17. Any other applic provided for elsewher schedule of fees  18. Appeal fees  19. Any other applic provided for elsewher schedule of fees  20. Copy of Land Use Ferritation  19. Scheme of Copy of Land Use Scheme of Town Plar Scheme Boots  20. Copy of Land Use Scheme Boots  30. Scheme (Scheme Boots)  41. Deeds search fees  62. Copy of Land Use application in tradition wortury.  64. Deeds search fees  65. Fillin shopping montury.  66.9. Fillin shopping montury.  10. Reserved	R 2,737.04	R 250.00 R 265.00 R 280.90	R 250.00 R 265.00 R 280.90	R 1,000		nent	Opy Per R 900.00 R 954.00 R 1,011.24	R 140.00	R 900.000	R 500	es Per R 100 R 106.00		Impact Institute Is in I land g station, centres, dations, sest sest sect	R 1,000.00 R 1,060.00 R 1,123.60	Transportation in the last of
1 < 70 0 0 1 C 1 2 1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	14. Way leave application (application to determine where the Council's services are located or a specific area where new services are to be installed)	tervener status	ppeal fees	17. Any other application not provided for elsewhere in this schedule of fees	COPIES	Il develo	(a) Hard copy Per region	(b) In electronic format Per region	2. Copy of Land Use Scheme or Town Planning Scheme (Scheme Book)	3. Scheme Regulations Per set	I	olication in	A: Trigit impact land use applications for businesses in communal land (e.g. Filling station, shopping centres, mortuary, residential accommodations, Lodge, Guest house, Resorts, ledustrich enbach.		

Erection of a second dwelling	R 3,500.00	R 3,710.00	R 3,932.60
2. Relaxation of height restriction	R 5,000.00	R 5,300.00	ਨ 5,618.00
<ol> <li>a. Relaxation of building line</li> </ol>	R 2,079.60		
		R 2,204.38	R 2,336.64
b. Penaity per encroachment /affected side	R 3,500.00	R 3,710.00	R 3,932,60
<ol> <li>Relaxation of parking per parking bays</li> </ol>	R5000/ parking bay	R5300/ parking bay	R5618/ parking bay
5. Relaxation of coverage	R 5,000.00	R 5,300.00	R 5,618.00
6. Site development plan	R 1,400.00	R 1,484.00	R 1,573.04
a. Application fee	R 4,900.00	R 5,194.00	R 5,505.64
<ul><li>b. With relaxation of building line + penalty</li></ul>			
7. Extension of validity	R 2,000.00	Name of the latter of the latt	
period of approval		R 2,120.00	R 2,247.20
8. Certificates:			
(a) Zoning certificate Per certificate	R 80.00	R 84.80	R 89.89
(b) Any other certificate Per certificate	R 100.00	R 106.00	
9. Public hearing	R 250	R 265.00	R 280.90
	R 250.00	R 265.00	R 280.90
<ol> <li>Re-issuing of any notice of approval of any application</li> </ol>	R 500.00	R 530.00	R 561.80
12. Deed search	R 50.00	R 53.00	R 56.18
13. Public Notice:	R 2,500.00	R 2,650.00	R 2,809.00
(a) Public Notice and advertisements in the legal section of the paper			
(b) Public Notice and advertisements in the body of the paper	R 2,500.00	R 2,650.00	R 2,809.00

of a restrictive or obsolete condition, servitude or reservation against the title of the land	R 2,079.60	0	
8. Amendment or cancellation of a general plan of a township	R 2,079.60		2,336.64
9. Division of farm land	R 2.079.60	R 2,204.38 R	2,336.64
		X 00.104.27	2,336.64
10. Subdivision of land:			
(a) For first erven	R 1,247.73		100000000000000000000000000000000000000
(b) Every erf additional to the first		R 1,322.59 R	1,401.95
twoerven Per erf	R 547.50	R 580.35	715
12. Subdivision and concolidation	R 1,247.73	R 1,322.59 R	1,401,95
	R 2,342.73	R 2.483.29 P	2000
<ol> <li>Permanent closure of a public place Per closure</li> </ol>	R 6,500.00		67.750.7
14. Consent uses:		K 6,890.00 R	7,303.40
Special	R 2.079.60	C 200 A 20	
Written	R 2,079.60	ע מיינים לי	2,336.64
15. The removal, amendment or suspension of a restrictive title condition relating to the density of residential development	R 2,079.60	N 4,204,38 R	2,336.64
	R 3 000 00	R 2,204.38 R	2,336.64
a. prospecting rights	R 500 00	A 3, 180.00 R	3,370.80
b. other rights		K 530.000 R	561.80
c. Material amendments to original			
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	R 960.00	R 1 017 80	
d. Kemoval, Amendment, Suspension of a restrictive or obsolete	R 2,000.00		,,0/8,55
reservation against the		R 2,120.00	0.00
MISCEL LANFOLIS FEES			UZ-1+3-2

				2015/16		2016/17	2017/18		2018/19	2019/20	9720
	BUILDING PLAN FEES (continue)			c/R		c/R	C/R		c/R	<u>ა</u>	c/R
2	1	0m² to 50m²	Der maner week	2	13.21 R	13.21	æ	14.00 R	14.84	Я	15.73
2 5	Sidewalk Kentals:-	51m2 to 100m2	Dar ma per week	***************************************	12.32 R	12.32	ac.	13.06 R	13.84	R	14.67
R			Downs no moon			11.44	<u>«</u>	12.13 R	12.85	œ	13.63
2		16 Inf to 150m²	Der ma ber week		10.56 R	10.56 R	æ	11.19 R		æ	12.58
		004m2 2m2			9.68 R	9,68	æ	10.26 R		×	11.53
- 21		ZOTIM: AND THOUGH		34	493.68 R	493.68		523.30 R		<u>«</u>	587.98
	Ke-inspection ree	Americal	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR			387.20		410.43 R	435.06	œ	461.16
3		Office of the original of the			387.20 R	387.20	æ	410.43 R	435.06	æ	461.16
ន	тее	Annual ree			2 404 77 B	2 101 77	~		2,361.55	~	2,503.24
24	Contractor's Registration	Deposit			٧ ١/٠٠	7,101,2		207.70			733 46
52		Registrations fee		R 19	196.02 R	196.02   K	¥	40/./02			777.70
					1						
	All tariffs are VAT exclusive										
56	APPLICATIONS FEES IN TERMS OF THE TOWN PLANNING &1	HE TOWN PLANNING &TO	TOWNSHIPS ORDINANCE NO 15 OF 1986	15 OF 1986							
	Application Type								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	- Control of the Cont										
	FEES FOR LAND USE APPLICATIONS SUBMITTED IN TERMS	SUBMITTED IN TERMS									
	OF THE PROPOSED MUNICIPAL SPATIAL PLANNING AND	ATIAL PLANNING AND									
	LAND USE BY-LAW, 2015 & TOWN PLANNING AND TOWNSHI	ANNING AND TOWNSHIP									
	ORDINANCES FOR THE 2017/2018 FINANCIAL YEAR	18 FINANCIAL YEAK	2018/19	2018/20							
	APPLICATION FEES	EES	- Validation - Landau Company - Landau C								
27	TYPE OF APPLICATION		- Linear Control of the Control of t								
7	A Charlister of Catorine	B 8 000 50	R 6.360.53	2	6,742.16						
	1. Establishment of a township	20000									
	<ol><li>Extension of the boundaries of a township:</li></ol>	R 4,448.50	D R 4,715.41	œ	4,998.33						
					[ [						
	<ol> <li>Amendment of a township establishment application:</li> </ol>										
	(a) If already approved by the Municipality	R 1,054.50	0	٥	1 184 84						
	(b) If not aiready approved by the Municipality	R 1,652.00	R 1.751.12	œ	1,856.19						
	A Division of tenneship	R 3 648 50	manual publication of the state	0	7 000 15						
	_			۲,	P.						
	<ol> <li>Phasing/cancellation of approved layout plan</li> </ol>	R 3,648.50	0 R 3,867.41	ч	4,099.45						
	6. Rezoning:										
	(a) One erf	R 2,079.60	0 R 2,204.38 R		2,336,64						
	(b) Every erf additional to the First Erf Per Erf	R 1,000.00	0 R 1,060.00		1,123.60						
	- Limited Company of the Limited Company of t										

weurun nipaca businesses (i.e. anv licuor related)									
C. Agricultural related uses	R 540.00	R 572.40	D R 606.74	6.74					
D. Low Impact businesses for land use rights		R 477.00		R 505.62					
gepradasion (general dealer,tuckshop,dr iving school,crèche,	R 450.00			,					
restaurant, butcher y, motor spares others as determined by the municipalist to tit in									
	R 540.00	R 572.40		R 606.74					
E. Land use rights application for residential	THE PAY OF THE PAY OF THE PAY								
		LEAGUIRUIGUAGAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA							
F. Transfer of	R 450.00	R 477.00		R 505.62					
							-		
				æ	00.00	R 6	63.60 R	67.42	R 71.46
				œ	1.50		1.59 R	1.69	R 1.79
Municipal Code (By laws and policies)				œ	-	œ	۲.		
				œ				α,	
				_			102.63 R		115.31
			7 1 4 1			R 15		159.27	
		The state of the s		113.40 K	113.40		120.20 90 15 B	127.42	R 155.00
Moderation			2 4				45.08 R	47.79	
				21.26 R	-			23.89	
All tariffs are VAT exclusive			***************************************						
			2015/16		2016/17	2017/18		2018/19	2019/20
			c/R		c/R	S.R.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	c/R	유
		***************************************					1		
				-					
	Once off	e off	200	P09-00	N 00.000		7 04 1.30	6/5/8	K /20.56
	rate	rate/som/month		27.5	~ Ob</td <td></td> <td></td> <td>101.97</td> <td>108.08</td>			101.97	108.08

Annual Licence Fee		œ	•	α	-+				
Confiscation Fee		ፚ	1,573.00		1,573.00   R	1,667.38	38 R	1,767.42 R	1,873.47
2. Streetname Ad		ĸ	605.00	8	605.00 R	641.30		679.78 R	720.5
Application fee (per application)	Once off	ď	90.75	æ	90.75 R	96.20		101.97 R	108.08
Fee	rate/sqm/month	α	•	α	-			-	
Annual Licence Fee		α	605.00	œ	605.00 R	641.30	30 R	879.78 R	720.56
Confiscation Fee									
3.Street Furniture									
Application fee (per application)	Once off	œ	605.00	æ	605.00 R	641.	30 R	679.78 R	720.56
Fee	rate/sqm/month	æ	90.75	æ		96.20	20 R		108.08
Annual Licence Fee		æ	1	œ					
Confiscation Fee		ſĽ	1,573.00		1,573.00 R	1,667.38	38 R	1,767.42 R	1,873.47
4.Tempory Ads/Posters	Rate per poster per day								
Application fee (per application)	max 2.1 days	α	302.50 R	œ	302.50 R	320.65	65 R	339.89 R	360.28
Fee		DC.	18.15	22		19.24		20.39 R	21.62
Annual Licence Fee		œ		œ	-				
Confiscation Fee		œ	302.50	œ	302.50 R	320.65	65 R	339.89 R	360.28
5. 3-D signs	Rate per sqm				-		_	4	
Application fee (per application)	per month	ĸ	605.00	œ	605.00 R	641.30	30 R	679.78 R	720.56
Fee		œ	90.75	2	90.75 R	96.20			108.08
Annual Licence Fee		R			٠ د	,			
Confiscation Fee		Я	1,573.00		1,573.00 R	1,667.38	38 R	1,767.42 R	1,873.47
6. Suburban Name Ads	Rate per som								
Application fee (per application)	per month	Я	605.00		605.00 R	641.30	30 R	679.78 R	720.5
Fee		Я	30.25		30.25 R	32.07		33.99 R	36.03
Annual Licence Fee		œ		R					
Confiscation Fee		œ	605.00	Я	605.00 R	641.30	30 R	679.78 R	720.56
7. Banner & Flags	Rate per poster per day								
Application fee (per application)	max 21 days	ĸ	605.00	2	605.00 R	641.30	30   R	679.78 R	720.56
Fee		ď	30.25	ъ.	30.25 R	32.07	07 R	33.99 R	36.0
Annual Licence Fee		Я	_	2					
Confiscation Fee		R	605.00	4	605.00 R	641.30	30 R	679.78 R	720.56
8.Illuminated Ads	Rate per sqm								
Application fee (per application)	per month	R	605.00			641.30	30 R	679.78 R	720.56
Fee	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	œ	145.20	œ	145.20 R	153.	91 R	163.15 R	172.9
Annual Licence Fee		~	•				:		
Confiscation Fee		ፚ	1,573.00		1,573.00 R	1,667.38	38 R	1,767.42 R	1,873.47
9.Estate Agents/For Sale Ads	Registration fee/								
Application fee (per application)	annum for display	<u>«</u>	•	~	<u>د</u> '	•			
Fee	of on"show" boards"	Я	1	œ	α '	*			
Annual Licence Fee		œ	907.50	œ		961.95		1,019.67 R	1,080.85
Confiscation Fee		М	605.00	В	605.00 R	641.30	30 R	679.78 R	720.5
10. Election Posters per political party	Rate per sqm						_		
Application fee (per application)	per month	ď	3,025.00	α. e	3,025.00 R	3,206.50	50 R	3,398.89 R	3,602.82
Fee		æ		м.	•	;			
Annual Licence Fee	The state of the s	R			•				
Confiscation Fee		œ	3,025.00		3,025.00 R	3,206,50	50 R	3,398.89 R	3,602.82

				_					
	11. Aerial Aus	Kate per sqrff		9 00 508	00 509	۵	641 30 B	87 073	35 022
	Application lee (per application)	Dei Higher			00.000	-		00.00	00000
	Fee			90.75 R	90.75	×		101.9/ R	TUSTO
	Annual Licence Fee		R	<u>ب</u>	,				
	Confiscation Fee		er.	٦.					
	12. Third party ads-Sky ads, Roof signs, Flat Ads, Verandah Ads, Canop	Rate per sqm							
		per month							
	Application fee (per application)		R 605	605.00 R	605.00	œ	641.30 R	679.78 R	720.56
	Fee		×	æ					
	Annual Licence Fee		R 181	181.50 R	181.50	м	192.39 R	203.93 R	216.17
	Confiscation Fee		æ	œ	1				
	13. Trailers	Rate per trailer							
	Application fee (per application)	per month	æ	- R	t				
	Tee			302.50 R	302.50	R	320.65 R	339.89 R	360.28
	Annual Licence Fee		~	œ	•				
	Confiscation Fee			œ '	ī				
	14. Projects Boards and Development Ads	And desirate the state of the s							
	Application fee (per application)		R 302	302.50 R	302.50	8	320.65 R	339.89 R	350.28
	F66			ac 1	t				
	Annual Licence Fee	AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA	R 605	605.00 R	605.00	R	641.30 R	679.78 R	720.56
	Conference too				805.00	_	3	<u> </u>	720.56
								-	
	15.Road Iraffic Signs			$\frac{1}{1}$					
	16. On premises Signs (Restricted to advertising of onsite business/pro	oducts only		_			_ 1		
	Application fee (per application)		R 605	605.00 R	605.00	R	641.30 R	679.78 R	720.56
	Fee			œ	1				
	Annual Licence Fee			605.00 R	605.00	œ	641.30 R	679.78 R	720.56
	Confiscation Fee		œ	<u>a</u>	•				
	17. Service Facility Signs								
	Application fee (per application)			302.50 R	302,50	R	320.65 R	339.89 R	360.28
	Tee		œ	ه	ŧ				
	Annual Licence Fee			605.00 R	605.00	R	641.30 R		720.56
	Confiscation Fee			.00 R	605.00	R	641.30 R	679.78 R	720.56
	18. Tourism Signs								
	Application fee (per application)			302.50 R	302.50	R	320.65 R	339.89 R	350.28
	Fee				1				
	Annual Licence Fee			605.00 R	605.00		641.30 R	1	
	Confiscation Fee		R 605	605.00 R	605.00	R	641.30 R	679.78 R	720.56
	Note Building plan approval fees for approval of the structure, building line relaxation fees and height	r approval of the structure, buildi	ng line relaxation fees and	height					
NA BARBARATA BARBARATA	relaxation fees can also be charged	harged							
	Above fees do not cover for a	Above fees do not cover for advertisements put out on tender by Council and awarded under a fixed	by Council and awarded u	nder a fixe	F				
	contract such as illuminated s	contract such as illuminated street name advertisements, litter bins; suburban name signs, bus shelter	bins;suburban name signs	s, bus shelt	65				
	signage, billboards on Municipal Land, etc.	ai Land ,etc.							
	These tariffs will be annually	reviewed and published by Council	75						
	ADMISSION OF GUILT FOR THE CONTED OF OUTDOOR ADVERTISING IN	NI SINISILA							
	ALIN OTHER BOATS AND THE ADDA	HICIDAL ADEA		·					
	ביייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי	איני איני איני							

			2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	20
	TINES		c/R	c/R	c/R	c/R	c/R	
	Amenity and Decency.		R 1,760.26	R 1,760,26	R 1,865.88	R 1,977.83	R 2,(	2,096.50
	Safety		1,760.26	a.	R 1,865.88			2,096.50
	Design and Construction		R 1,760.26 R		R 1,865.88	1,977.83		2.096.50
	Maintenance			ď	R 1,865.88	1,977.83	2	2.096.50
	Position			œ	R 1,865.88	1,977.83	~	2,096.50
	Illumination		1,760.26	æ	R 1,865.88	1,977.83	2	2.096.50
	The state of the s							
	Billboards		**************************************					
	Advertisement Boards less than 5 square meters(per side)	per month per side	Replaced	Replaced	Replaced			
	Advertisement Boards less than 18 square meters(per side)	per month per side	See Part C Billboards	See Part C Billboards	See Part C Billboards			
	Non Illiminated Gantry Sign(per square meter)	per month per sam						
	Illuminated Gantry Sign (per square )meter	per month per sqm						
	City Light/Spectacular	per month per sqm		Wagner 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				
	Empty side/Boards	per month per side						
	Empty site	For first six Months						-
	Empty site	Six to 12 Months						Ī
	Generic Boards	per month per sqm						
	Advertisements on Street Furniture							
	Banners							
	Flags							
	Suburban Advertisements				Will the state of			
13	Estate Agent's Boards							
14	Temporary Direction Indicators for Show Houses							
	Advertisements for the Sale of Goods and Livestock							
	Auction Posters							
	Posters							
	Project Boards							
	Development Advertisements							
	Construction Site Advertisements							
	Street name Advertisements							
15	Security Advertisements							
19	Product Replicas and Three Dimensional Advertisements							<u> </u>
11	Sky Sign							<u> </u>
92	Roof Sign							T
9	Flat Sign				***************************************			Ţ
20	Projecting Sign							
21	Balcony or under warning Advertisements							<u> </u>
22	Signs Pointed on Building, Boundary Walls and Roofs							
ន	Window Signs							
24	Forecourt Advertisements							
25	Residential or Community Advertisements							
56	On-Premises Business Advertisements							<u></u>

ĞI.	Tower Bridge and Pylon Advertisements	vicate			$\parallel$		ш	
	Advertising for Educational Institutions	e nain			-			
1 >	Service Facility Advertisements				$\vdash$			
м								
	Aerial Advertisements							
ı.v	Trailer Advertising							
Σ								
	Prohibited Signs							
, 1		All Tariffs are Vat Exclusive						
i				2016/17 c/R		2017/18 c/R	2018/19 c/R	2019/20 c/R
ıõ	APPROVAL OF PLANS			R 2,640,39	.39 R	2,798.81	R 2,966.74	R 3,144.74
ı		Erecting of a structure without approved plan	t approved plan					
٦d:	ERECTION OF BUILDING IN CERTAIN			R 880	880.14 R	932.95	R 988.93	R 1,048.26
된공	PROHIBITION OR CONDITION				+			
1		Buildings not in the interest of	of good health or hygiene.					
1		Buildings unsightly or objectionable.	nable.					
1		Buildings be a nuisance to occupiers, of adjoining	cupiers, of adjoining					
		neighbouring properties.						
ő	DEMOLITION AND ALTERATION OF			R 1,760.26	.26 R	1,865.88	R 1,977.83	R 2,096.50
E E	CERTAIN BUILDINGS							
		Owner fail to comply to writter	ten notice from					
		Local Authority to comply with	Local Authority to comply with the provisions of this section.		_			
		If building is dilapidated or in a	If building is dilapidated or in a state of disrepair or show signs thereof,	thereof;			:	
		If a building or land on which a	If a building or land on which a building was or being erected is dangerous	dangerous				
		or showing signs of becoming	or showing signs of becoming dangerous to life or property.					
OCCUPY WITH	OCCUPY WITHOUT CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY			R 2,640.39	86. R	2,798.81	R 2,966.74	R 3,144.74
8	HINDERS OR OBSTRUCT ANY			R 880	880.14 R	932.95	R 988.93	R 1,048.26
딢	AUTHORIZED PERSON TO ENTER A	***************************************						
g	BUILDING OR LAND TO PERFORM DUTIES							
Ĭ	B. REGULATIONS					***************************************		
- 1								
				2016/17 c/R		2017/18 c/R	2018/19 c/R	2019/20 c/R
ĮΩ	INSTALLATIONS /MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION	ERATION		R 528	528.08 R	559.76	R 593.35	R 628.95
		Fall to ensure that any service installation provided in cr						
		5 2						

		R 559.76 R 593.35 R 628.95		R 932.95 R 988.93 R 1,048.26			THE REPORT OF THE PERSON OF TH	R 932,95 R 988,93 R 1,048,26	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O		TO TOTAL THE PROPERTY OF THE P		R 446.47 R 473.26 R 501.65		- Transferontation and the second sec	2017/18 2018/19 2019/20 c/R c/R c/R	R 1,492,69 R 1,582,25 R 1,677,19		THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	R 932.95 R 988.93 R 1.048.26				THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	R 932.95 R 988.93 R 1.048.26				R 615.74 R 652.68 R 691.85			R 1,026.24 R 1,087.81 R 1,153.08			R 932.95 R 988.93 R 1.048.26		R 466.47 R 494.46 R 524.13
		R 528.08		R 880.14			lon,	R 880.14		THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	than shown on		R 440.07			2016/17 c/R	R 1,408.20		Transcourage international control of the control o	R 880.14	limit noise and dust during	ction.	Joting of a building.		R 880.14		accordance with regulations.	in terms of this regulation.	R 528.08			R 880.14		THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	R 880.14		R 440.07
in connection with a building be maintained in a safe and	properly working condition.	CONTROL OF PLUMBERS AND PLUMBING WORK	Plumbing work done by untrained and unlicensed plumbers	NOTICE TO COMMENCE ERECTION OR DEMOLISHING	LDING AND NOTICE OF INSPECTION	Fail to request for inspection,		GENERAL ENFORCEMENT	7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 -	Deviation from approved plan.	Use of building for other purposes than shown on	approved plan.	SWIMMING POOLS	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	B. REGULATIONS (continue)		PROTECTION OF THE PUBLIC	Fail to erect a fence hoarding or barricade to ensure	public safety at the building site.	CONTROL OF DUST AND NOISE	Fail to take precaution to limit nois	excavations, alterations or constru	Demolishing of buildings or constructing of a building	Working during prohibited periods.	INTO, LAYING OPEN AND DEMOLISH	CERTAIN WORK	Fail to supply proof that work is in accordance with regulations.	Fail to cease construction in terms	WASTE MATERIAL ON SITE	Accumulating of excessive waste, rubbish or other debris	on site during or after construction	CLEANING OF SITE	Fail to remove surplus material or debris from site, or public	Street after completion.	BUILDER'S SHEDS	Shed used or constructed	SANITARY FACILITIES
	4	T	15	NOTICE	OF A BUI			GENERAL	жиссе	∀ ;	A15		SWIMMIN		A18 B. REGUL	FINES	A22 PROTECT			CONTROL	A25				D4 CUTTING	CERTAIN		ARTICLE				F6 CLEANING			BUILDER		F7 SANITAR

_	VP-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-	The state of the s						
	COMPULSORY DRAINAGE BUILDINGS		œ	1,760.26 R	1,865.88 R	1,977.83 R	2,096.50	
		No suitable disposal of waterborne sewerage.						
Ε <u>Γ</u>	CONTROL OF OBJECTIONABLE DISCHARGE	365	ĸ	880.14 R	932.95 R	988.93	R 1,048.26	
		Cause storm water to be discharge in sewer system.						
		Cause sewerage to be discharged in storm water system.	1					
£	INDUSTRIAL EFFLUENT		ĸ	880.14 R	932.95 R	988.93	R 1,048.26	
		Discharge of industrial effluent in sewer system						
		without Local Authority approval,						
F10	DISCONNECTION		æ	440.07 R	466.47 R	494.46	R 524.13	
		Fail to seal drainage connection after disconnecting from drain	drain.					
Ξ	UNAUTHORISED DRAINAGE WORK		ଝ	352.05 R	373.17 R	395.56	R 419.29	
		interfere with or illegal connecting of sewer.						
ā.	INSPECTION AND TESTING OF DRAINAGE		α	352.05 R	373.17 R	395.56	R 419.29	
	AND INSTALLATION							
ፎ		Fail to test drainage installation before put into use.						
	EXCAVATION		æ	1,760.26 R	1,865.88 R	1,977.83 R	2,096.50	
		Fail to maintain excavation in safe condition and to take						
P4		precautionary measures.						
	The state of the s	Fail to obtain written authorisation of Local authority for						
		excavations for more than 3 metres deep.						
25	FIRE PROTECTION		æ	1,408.20 R	1,492.69 R	1,582.25 R	1,677.19	
		Insufficient fire extinguisher.						
82		Fail to maintain and service fire extinguishers.			***************************************			
		Obstruction of emergency escape routes.				Who commerced the commerced th		
Ь.		Fail to comply to General requirement of Ti of this			***************************************			
		regulation.						
	All tariffs are VAT exclusive				***************************************	***************************************		
5								